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FEDERAL FORMULA GRANTS
AND CALIFORNIA

Education Programs for Disabled Children

Tim Ransdell

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Overview

In 1975, Congress enacted the Education of All Handicapped Children Act (P.L. 94-142), establishing the federal government as an important player in, and a significant funding source for, the education of disabled children. Congress changed the name of the law governing special education to the Individuals with Disabilities Education Act (IDEA) with the passage of P.L. 101-476 in 1990. The first substantial revisions to the law came when Congress passed the IDEA Amendments of 1997, and that law is due to expire on September 30, 2003. California received 10.4 percent of IDEA grant funding in 2002, and the state will receive 10.5 percent in 2003.

This report first examines the structure of the three grants used to allocate the bulk of federal IDEA funding to states and school districts. It then reviews recent program funding history. Finally, it discusses the operation of funding formulas and applies various funding-change scenarios to illustrate alternative state allocations.

Program Structure

The IDEA formula grant programs assist states in educating children ages 3 through 21 who have disabilities, and they support early intervention services for infants and toddlers (birth through age 2) and their families.

To qualify for funds, states and school districts must certify that they will locate and evaluate children with disabilities, design an appropriately tailored “individualized education program” (IEP) for each, and provide “free appropriate public education” (FAPE) in the least restrictive environment possible (i.e., to the “maximum extent appropriate” with children without disabilities). States and school districts currently serve more than six million disabled children with the help of IDEA funds.

IDEA comprises three formula grant programs. The largest of these by nearly twentyfold is the Grants to States program, funded at \$7.5 billion

nationwide in fiscal year 2002.¹ Authorized by Part B, Section 611, of IDEA, the program helps states provide educational and other services to disabled children ages 3 through 21. The Preschool Grants program, authorized by Part B, Section 619, helps states serve children ages 3 through 5. Congress appropriated \$390 million for the Preschool Grants program for fiscal year 2002. The Grants for Infants and Toddlers program, authorized by Part C of IDEA, helps states provide early intervention services for infants and toddlers (from birth through age 2) and their families. Congress appropriated \$417 million for Part C grants in fiscal year 2002. The Office of Special Education Programs at the U.S. Department of Education (USDE) administers and allocates the funds for these three programs.

In addition to the three grant programs, IDEA authorizes and provides funding for several national programs administered by USDE.

Program Funding

The funding history of the three formula grant programs varies considerably. Congress has consistently and significantly increased funding for the IDEA Grants to States program, whereas the two smaller programs have increased at a slower rate, if at all. After six years of relatively flat spending, with total expenditures remaining around \$2 billion per year, Congress began to sharply increase spending for the primary grant program. As shown in Appendix B, between 1997 and 2001, Congress doubled appropriations for Grants to States, from \$3.1 billion to \$6.3 billion.² Then, in just one year, Congress boosted funding by \$1.2 billion, to \$7.5 billion in 2002.

As shown in Appendixes B and C, funding for the Preschool Grants program rose from \$292 million in 1991 to \$360 million in 1995. It remained at that amount for three years before beginning a climb to \$390 million in 1999, and that amount has remained unchanged since.

Federal funding for Grants for Infants and Toddlers increased sharply during the early 1990s, and growth has been slower but steady since then. From 1991

¹In this document, unless otherwise specified, the term fiscal year refers to the federal fiscal year, which runs from October 1 through September 30.

²In an effort to reach that year's budget targets through changes in federal accounting practices, Congress appropriated level funding in fiscal year 2000 but required that most of the funds come from fiscal year 2001 accounts. As with a number of programs funded by the Labor-Health and Human Services-Education appropriations bill, special education programs had traditionally been "forward-funded," meaning that the appropriation from one fiscal year would be used by the school district in the school year starting the following July 1. The change curtailed most forward-funding for the special education grant programs. In this report, we control for the accounting change and examine funding only at the expenditure level.

to 1995, funding rose from \$117 million to \$316 million. Spending then remained flat for two years before beginning another steady climb to \$417 million in 2002.

Combined appropriations for the three programs increased from \$3.8 billion in 1997 to \$8.3 billion in 2002.

The 40 Percent Debate

There has been a longstanding dispute regarding whether the federal government made a commitment to underwrite 40 percent of state and school district expenditures for educating disabled children. The initial 1975 law imposed upon states and school districts a variety of minimum requirements for educating disabled students, regardless of whether federal funds were adequate to pay for increased services. The IDEA formula limits authorized funding to a maximum of 40 percent of average per pupil spending, and many both inside and outside of Congress argue that the setting of that 40 percent limit evidenced Congressional intent to fund IDEA grants at that level. For more than two decades, federal funds have paid for less than 10 percent of state and school district expenditures. Although that share has risen sharply in recent years, it nevertheless remained below 20 percent in 2002. Many observers consider the extent to which federal funds fall short of the 40 percent threshold, which they term “full funding,” to constitute an unfunded mandate.³

For several years, many members of Congress have sought to increase the federal share of the nation’s expenditures on education for disabled children to or toward the 40 percent level. Some have fought to convert the grant from an annual discretionary appropriation to a mandatory entitlement program.

The 40 percent IDEA debate once played a pivotal role in the shifting party leadership in the U.S. Senate. In May 2001, Republican Senator James Jeffords (VT) announced that he would side with Democrats to select the chamber’s Majority Leader, thereby tipping the narrow balance in the Senate from majority Republican to majority Democrat. In explaining his switch, he cited a number of instances in which he felt a lack of support from his own party leadership, but a primary reason was his perception of a lack of active support for mandatory IDEA funding.⁴

³Opinions vary regarding the actual cost of providing educational services to a disabled child, but IDEA drafters apparently assumed that the cost was twice that for a non-disabled child. Thus, the selection of 40 percent of average per pupil expenditure as a funding threshold would allow the federal government to underwrite 40 percent of excess expenditures paid by a state or school district per child served.

⁴Senator Jeffords had conditioned his vote for President Bush’s 2001 budget and tax cut plan on the Administration and Congressional leadership supporting IDEA “full funding.” In a 2001 book entitled *My Declaration of Independence*,

Under- and Overidentification of Children as Disabled

Another longstanding issue is the over- and underidentification of disabled students and the subjective nature of the identification process. In addition to social issues, such as some jurisdictions' alleged overidentification of African American students as disabled, the identification question also has proven significant for formula discussions.

Before the 1997 amendments, all IDEA formula funds were allocated according to state-reported counts of disabled students served. There was wide variation in the percentage of students identified as disabled, and some states and school districts complained that overidentification allowed other jurisdictions to garner excess IDEA funding. A 1993 article in the *Boston Globe* spotlighted Massachusetts' high rate of identifying children as disabled, noting that one child was so identified solely because he was having difficulty understanding the Pythagorean theorem.

As shown in Appendix D, Colorado identified less than 10 percent of students as disabled during the 2001–2002 school year, whereas Rhode Island reported more than 20 percent. With IEPs for only 10.6 percent of its students, California identified as disabled only a slightly greater percentage than last-place Colorado, ranking California 50th out of 51 (the states plus the District of Columbia).

California Funding and Share

California funding levels for the three IDEA formula grant programs have likewise increased in recent years, and the state's increase has slightly exceeded the pace of increase experienced by the other states. As shown in Table 1, California's allocation pursuant to the Grants to States program remained near the \$200 million mark during the early 1990s. Then, between 1996 and 2002, the state's receipts rose from \$229 million to \$782 million. During the 11 years between 1991 and 2002, expenditures per capita in California rose from \$6 to \$22.

California's share of the nation's Grants to States formula allocations increased from 10 percent in 1991 to 10.4 percent in 2002. Throughout all of these years, California's per capita receipts from the program remained approximately 15 percent below the national average, although the percentage

Jeffords calls Senate Republicans' refusal to fully fund IDEA the precipitating event of his decision to change parties, commenting, "I decided to winnow down my list of spending priorities to this one."

Table 1
Special Education—Grants to States Under IDEA, Part B, Section 611—Expenditures for California and All States,
Fiscal Years 1991–2002

Year	California Total (\$)	U.S. Total (\$)	California as a % of U.S.	Per Capita California (\$)	Per Capita U.S. (\$)	California Per Capita as a % of U.S.
1991	185,459,999	1,854,155,895	10.00	6.09	7.33	83.05
1992	200,622,009	1,976,095,000	10.15	6.48	7.70	84.08
1993	209,353,847	2,052,729,728	10.20	6.69	7.90	84.76
1994	219,215,317	2,149,686,000	10.20	6.96	8.17	85.23
1995	228,623,290	2,322,915,000	9.84	7.21	8.72	82.68
1996	228,758,683	2,323,837,000	9.84	7.14	8.63	82.83
1997	307,776,487	3,107,522,000	9.90	9.47	11.40	83.12
1998	378,734,568	3,807,700,000	9.95	11.48	13.80	83.18
1999	431,237,374	4,310,700,000	10.00	12.87	15.45	83.33
2000	505,630,798	4,989,685,000	10.13	14.87	17.68	84.09
2001	650,017,799	6,339,685,000	10.25	18.79	22.22	84.55
2002	781,662,507	7,528,533,000	10.38	22.26	26.11	85.26

has risen very slightly. The state's per capita receipts were 83 percent of the U.S. per capita average in 1991 and 85 percent in 2002.

For Preschool Grants, California's receipts rose from \$31 million in 1991 to \$36 million in 1994, then increased slowly to \$40 million in 2002, as shown in Table 2. Throughout the period, California received between 10 and 11 percent of the nation's grants. As a result of the program's slow growth, California received approximately the same amount per capita in 2002 (\$1.13) as it did in 1992 (\$1.12). The state's per capita receipts from the Preschool Grants program declined from a peak of 90 percent of the U.S. average in 1992 to 84 percent in 2002.

From the Grants for Infants and Toddlers program, California's receipts grew rapidly from \$15 million in 1991 to \$40 million in 1995, as shown in Table 3. A more gradual increase since that year lifted the state's funding to \$50 million in 2002. The state's share of the nation's total grants grew from 12.7 percent in 1991 to 13.8 percent in 1994 before beginning a decline to slightly less than 12 percent in 2002. In contrast to the other two grants, California's per capita receipts from the Grants for Infants and Toddlers program exceeded the national average in each of the past 11 years, except 2002. The state received 49 cents per capita in 1991 and \$1.42 per capita in 2002. Grant expenditures per capita in California reached 115 percent of the national average in 1994 but then fell to 98 percent in 2002.

With all three formula programs totaled, California's receipts increased from \$232 million in 1991 to \$871 million in 2002. California's receipts throughout the period fluctuated between 10.2 percent and 10.6 percent of the nation's total grant appropriations, as shown in Table 4. The state received \$7.60 per capita from the three programs in 1991, and \$24.82 per capita in 2002. The state's per capita receipts as a percentage of the U.S. average remained relatively stable throughout the 11-year period, standing at 85 percent in 1991 and 86 percent in 2002.

Formula Provisions

This section describes the operation of the funding formulas that determine state allocations from the three IDEA grant programs. Because the Grants to States program is by far the largest of the three, we focus primarily on it.⁵

⁵The methodology used in this paper to calculate funding levels by state is described in Appendix A.

Table 2
Special Education—Preschool Grants Under IDEA, Part B, Section 619—Expenditures for California and All States,
Fiscal Years 1991–2002

Year	California Total (\$)	U.S. Total (\$)	California as a % of U.S.	Per Capita California (\$)	Per Capita U.S. (\$)	California Per Capita as a % of U.S.
1991	31,446,463	291,861,031	10.77	1.03	1.15	89.46
1992	34,813,572	319,992,770	10.88	1.12	1.25	90.10
1993	34,437,799	325,763,937	10.57	1.10	1.25	87.86
1994	36,119,473	339,257,000	10.65	1.15	1.29	88.98
1995	36,991,756	360,265,000	10.27	1.17	1.35	86.26
1996	36,129,071	360,409,000	10.02	1.13	1.34	84.34
1997	36,074,288	360,409,000	10.01	1.11	1.32	84.01
1998	37,945,640	373,985,000	10.15	1.15	1.36	84.85
1999	37,945,640	373,985,000	10.15	1.13	1.34	84.52
2000	39,848,701	390,000,000	10.22	1.17	1.38	84.79
2001	39,848,701	390,000,000	10.22	1.15	1.37	84.26
2002	39,848,701	390,000,000	10.22	1.13	1.35	83.91

Table 3
Special Education—Grants for Infants and Toddlers Under IDEA, Part C, Section 631—Expenditures for California
and All States, Fiscal Years 1991–2002

Year	California Total (\$)	U.S. Total (\$)	California as a % of U.S.	Per Capita California (\$)	Per Capita U.S. (\$)	California per Capita as a % of U.S.
1991	14,817,016	117,060,811	12.66	0.49	0.46	105.09
1992	21,710,996	174,934,693	12.41	0.70	0.68	102.78
1993	29,207,477	213,200,407	13.70	0.93	0.82	113.86
1994	34,996,612	253,152,000	13.82	1.11	0.96	115.54
1995	40,347,086	315,632,000	12.78	1.27	1.19	107.39
1996	41,438,233	315,754,000	13.12	1.29	1.17	110.42
1997	40,850,169	315,754,000	12.94	1.26	1.16	108.58
1998	46,131,788	350,000,000	13.18	1.40	1.27	110.22
1999	46,249,616	370,000,000	12.50	1.38	1.33	104.12
2000	45,929,796	375,000,000	12.25	1.35	1.33	101.64
2001	46,979,082	383,567,000	12.25	1.36	1.34	101.00
2002	49,954,044	417,000,000	11.98	1.42	1.45	98.37

Table 4
**All IDEA Formula Grants—Grants to States, Preschool Grants, and Grants for Infants and Toddlers Under
 Parts B and C—Expenditures for California and All States, Fiscal Years 1991–2002**

Year	California Total (\$)	U.S. Total (\$)	California as a % of U.S.	Per Capita California (\$)	Per Capita U.S. (\$)	California per Capita as a % of U.S.
1991	231,723,478	2,263,077,737	10.24	7.60	8.95	85.01
1992	257,146,577	2,471,022,463	10.41	8.30	9.63	86.18
1993	272,999,123	2,591,694,072	10.53	8.73	9.97	87.54
1994	290,331,402	2,742,095,000	10.59	9.22	10.42	88.49
1995	305,962,132	2,998,812,000	10.20	9.65	11.26	85.71
1996	306,325,987	3,000,000,000	10.21	9.57	11.14	85.91
1997	384,700,944	3,783,685,000	10.17	11.84	13.88	85.33
1998	462,811,996	4,531,685,000	10.21	14.03	16.43	85.40
1999	515,432,630	5,054,685,000	10.20	15.39	18.11	84.94
2000	591,409,295	5,754,685,000	10.28	17.39	20.39	85.28
2001	736,845,582	7,113,252,000	10.36	21.30	24.93	85.42
2002	871,465,252	8,335,533,000	10.45	24.82	28.91	85.85

Grants to States Formula—Basic Formula Allocation Provisions

IDEA Part B requires that USDE allocate funds to the states, and states are in turn required to allocate most of that funding to each Local Education Agency (LEA). Before 1997, the formula for calculating the funds that each state and LEA would receive was based on the total number of children with disabilities. With the IDEA Amendments of 1997, Congress changed the formula, requiring that allocations be based on total student population (regardless of disability) and the number of such students living in poverty. The new formula was slated to take effect when the Grants to States program exceeded a specified aggregate trigger level of \$4.925 billion. This trigger figure was reached in fiscal year 2000, making it the first year under the new formula; and by statutory language, fiscal year 1999 became the base year for future formula calculations.

As a result, USDE first allocates to each state the same amount received from the Grants to States program in fiscal year 1999. (The national total that year was \$4.3 billion, and California's share was \$431 million, or almost exactly 10 percent.) Then, after numerous set-asides⁶ and several caveats, any amount above that level is allocated as follows: 85 percent based on each state's population share of the nation's children ages 3 through 21 for which the state guarantees a free and appropriate public education to all disabled children, and 15 percent based on the share of such children living in poverty.

By specifying that states receive credit only for the number of children in the state's FAPE-guaranteed age group, the formula rewards states for providing the guarantee to a larger cohort of children. In 2002, all states covered children from age 3, but there was considerable variation at the top of the age range, with 21 states guaranteeing FAPE through age 21, 27 states guaranteeing it through age 20, two states guaranteeing it through age 19, and two states guaranteeing it through age 18.⁷ California and Montana were the two states at the low end of the spectrum, guaranteeing FAPE only to children ages 3 through 18.⁸

⁶The formula first requires that USDE set aside up to 1 percent of total funding for competitive grants to territories (American Samoa, Guam, Northern Mariana Islands, and Virgin Islands received a total of \$31 million in 2002) and 1.226 percent to transfer to the U.S. Department of the Interior for grants to Indian tribes and tribal organizations. Despite the explicit percentage outlined in the law, USDE recently began providing only inflation-rate increases for Indian tribes and tribal organizations; the 2002 total was \$79 million. Finally, the formula provides for limited national program funding set-asides, including \$7 million for a Pacific Basin competition and \$16 million for program evaluation.

⁷For fiscal year 2003 allotments, New Jersey was redesignated as guaranteeing FAPE through age 20. For previous years' allotments, that state had been deemed to guarantee FAPE through age 21.

⁸As a result, California's population count number for purposes of the Grants to States 2002 formula allocation was 8.3 million (11 percent of the nation) instead of the 9.7 million number (13 percent of the nation) the state would have used if California guaranteed FAPE through age 21.

Although it has not occurred in recent years, should total appropriated funds for the Grants to States formula decline from one year to the next, each state's funding would be reduced pro rata.

Assuming that funds for the program grow from one year to the next, four provisos set funding growth floors for each state and a fifth sets a funding growth cap.

Grants to States Formula—Minimum Allocations

As a restraint on major funding shifts from year to year, the Grants to States formula imposes several limitations on how much funding may increase during years of program growth.

First, every state must receive at least one-third of 1 percent of the increase in total program funding since the 1999 base year. For 2002, no state could receive less than \$10.7 million more than the state received in 1999. This formula language increased the 2002 funding level of nine small states, including the District of Columbia.⁹

Second, every state's allocation must increase by at least the rate of increase in the nation's total grant level from the prior year, less 1.5 percent. Total program funding increased by 18.75 percent from 2001 to 2002, so this minimum growth formula language required that each state's funding grow by at least 17.25 percent from that of the prior year. As a result the funding level for 22 states, California not among them, rose in 2002 because of this provision.

Third, every state's allocation must increase by at least 90 percent of the nation's total percentage increase from the prior year. However, depending on the rate of growth in the program, either the second or the third proviso is in effect in any given year, but not both. Ninety percent of 18.75 percent is 16.88 percent, which is less than the 17.25 percent growth minimum described in the preceding paragraph. Thus, this provision was not effective for any state in 2002. If total program funding grows by less than 15 percent from one year to the next, this third proviso becomes effective and the second proviso ineffective.

Finally, no state may receive less than it received in the preceding year. The rapid growth in IDEA funding has obviated any need for this provision to operate in recent years.

⁹However, the funding level for most of these small states would be later limited by the maximum growth provision, discussed below.

Grants to States Formula—Maximum Allocations

In addition to minimum growth floors, the Grants to States formula sets a maximum amount by which any state's grant may grow from one year to the next, as well as a separate (and so far unused) maximum amount of grant funding per disabled child.

The provision limits any state's percentage growth to the percentage growth in the program nationwide, plus 1.5 percent. Thus, an 18.75 percent national funding growth rate in 2002 limited the growth of all states' formula allocations to no more than 20.25 percent between 2001 and 2002. The maximum growth provision resulted in reduced formula allocations for 25 states—eight of the nine slated for increases under the small state growth minimum (discussed above) and 17 other states, including California. Without the growth maximum, California's initial allocation would have been higher by \$14 million (although that amount would have been later reduced pro rata, along with that of other states, to equalize funding). Along with Arizona, Georgia, and Louisiana, California was among the states with the largest numeric reductions in funding because of the growth maximum.

In addition to the maximum growth percentage, the formula also provides that no state may receive more funding than the number of disabled children in the state multiplied by 40 percent of the nation's average per pupil expenditure (APPE) in public schools. (As discussed above, this limitation leads some to argue that Congress intended to provide to states 40 percent of the cost of educating disabled children.) The APPE limitation has never reduced funding to any state because federal spending on education for the disabled has never exceeded 20 percent of the nation's APPE. If funding for fiscal year 2004 rose above \$14 billion, and the formula employed 2001–2002 school year counts for disabled children, one state (Wyoming) would reach the 40 percent limit.

Moreover, if funding continues to increase at a rapid pace, many states could reach the 40 percent level within a few years. At that point, the problem of over- and underidentification will return as a significant formula funding issue. States that identify a larger percentage of their students as disabled will be eligible to receive proportionally more IDEA grant funding than will states that identify fewer students as disabled. If current identification practices continue and the funding formula is left unchanged, California could find itself receiving as little as half as much Grants to States funding per capita as a state (such as Rhode Island at present) that identifies twice as many of its children as disabled.

Grants to States Formula—Pro Rata Redistribution

After raising some states to a minimum grant amount and lowering others to a maximum grant amount, it is improbable that the new total funding amount

would match the original amount. For this reason, excess funding is distributed on a pro rata basis (in the event of an overage) or any shortfall is recovered through pro rata reductions. Following the first redistribution or reduction, each state's total is again run through the formula to ensure that funding does not exceed the maximums or fall below the minimums. This process must be repeated numerous times to reach a final total where all states fall within the limits of the formula language.

Grants to States Formula—Funding Results for Fiscal Year 2003

As discussed above, the constraints exercised by the formula's funding rules resulted in most states receiving either minimum or maximum allocations for 2002. For 2003, the results will be somewhat similar.

In January 2003, Congress appropriated \$8,874,397,536 for the Grants to States program for fiscal year 2003, a 17.9 percent increase from 2002 (see Appendix E). The operative growth guidelines are thus a maximum of 19.4 percent and a minimum of 16.4 percent and, again, as in 2002, a total of 25 states are at the maximum growth percentage and 12 are at the minimum. With the slightly slower rate of increase in funding compared to the prior year, New Mexico's funding moves above the minimum to the midrange for 2003, North Carolina's falls from the midrange to the minimum, Pennsylvania's and South Carolina's climb from the midrange to the maximum, and Tennessee's and Oklahoma's fall from the maximum to the midrange.

As was the case in 2002, California remains at the maximum level, receiving \$933 million for 2003 (10.5 percent of the nation's total). However, 2003 will be the first year in which California's funding is altered upward by the formula. Without the formula's combination of maximums and minimums, the state would have received slightly less funding, \$931 million, from the initial allocation. Once the formula reduced funding for other states, including some with initial allocations far above the maximum percentage, a national total of \$34 million remained to be distributed to other eligible states. Only via the redistribution of this overage did California's allocation climb by the \$2 million needed to reach the 19.4 percent growth maximum. As a result, the 2003 funding level of \$8.9 billion was nearly "ideal" on a percentage basis for California—maximizing the state's receipts and doing the same for relatively few other states.

Grants to States Formula—Funding Alternatives for Fiscal Year 2004

In the near future, Congress will set a fiscal year 2004 funding level for Grants to States in an appropriations bill for the Departments of Labor, Health and Human Services, and Education. Appendix F illustrates state funding under

alternative funding scenarios. Assuming that the grant formula remains unchanged by any IDEA reauthorization bill that might be enacted before the allocation, the following analysis will apply.

If there is no funding increase from one year to the next, the operative function requires that no state receive less than it did in the prior year—and thus the allocation would be identical to that of the prior year. If total expenditures decline, every state's allotment would decline pro rata. Neither scenario has occurred recently, as total spending for IDEA Grants to States has increased steadily.

In a period of program growth, the extent of a state's increase depends largely upon the extent of the nation's growth from one year to the next. If total spending grows by a large amount from one year to the next, as has been the case in recent years, more states rise above the minimum and more states reach the maximum. Conversely, if funds were to grow more slowly, the opposite is true. However, which states grow by how much is not entirely intuitive.

If program funding grows only slightly from one year to the next, small states are the first to experience funding increases. Because the small state growth minimum sets a funding floor relative to the base year (fiscal year 1999) rather than to the year prior, the formula favors small states before others when funding growth following the base year has been rapid.

For example, if funding were to grow only 1.4 percent, from \$8.9 billion in 2003 to \$9 billion in 2004, the minimum growth percentages would fund 38 states (including California, at \$945 million), and the maximum would fund 11 states, including seven small states, plus Arizona, Georgia, Nevada, and Puerto Rico. Only three states—Colorado, Louisiana, and Montana—would receive formula funding between the maximum and the minimum.

If funding rose to the \$9.5 billion level recommended in President Bush's fiscal year 2004 budget, a 7.4 percent increase from the prior year, 11 states would receive minimum funding, whereas 17 states would receive maximum funding. This scenario is explored in Appendix Table F.1. In the midrange between minimum and maximum would be 24 states, including California, which would receive \$1.009 billion.¹⁰ This total for California would represent 10.6 percent of the nation's total expenditures—an increase of 8.2 percent from 2003.

Should Congress elect to appropriate \$9.9 billion—as was approved by the House of Representatives in July 2003—the amount would constitute an 11.3 percent increase from fiscal year 2003. At that total, ten states would receive the

¹⁰California would cross the \$1 billion grant threshold if total 2004 program funding reached \$9,448,438,766.

minimum and 17 states the maximum.¹¹ California's \$1.05 billion allotment would represent a 12.4 percent increase above that of the prior year, nearer the national maximum growth percentage of 12.8 percent.

In fact, for 2004, California would reach its maximum growth percentage when total program funding exceeds \$10.3 billion. Above that amount, California's \$1.1 billion allotment would represent an increase of 17.6 percent from 2003 and a 10.7 percent share of total national expenditures. Should funding so expand, California would become the 18th state to reach the growth maximum.

Above the \$10.3 billion spending threshold, California's allotment would continue to rise, but growth would be constrained by the growth maximum. In addition, more states would continue to reach the maximum. At \$11 billion nationwide, California would receive \$1.171 billion, and 22 states would receive funding at the maximum. At \$12 billion nationwide, the state total would rise to \$1.275 billion, and 25 states would be funded at the maximum. At \$13 billion, the state would receive \$1.380 billion, and 30 states would be at the maximum. At \$14 billion, California's allotment would increase to \$1.486 billion, and 31 states would receive maximum funding.

If funding were to rise above \$14 billion, states would begin to be constrained by the language, discussed above, limiting any state's receipts to 40 percent of average per pupil expenditures multiplied by the total number of disabled children in the state. Wyoming would reach the limitation at total spending of \$14.1 billion. Arkansas, Colorado, Delaware, and Ohio would join Wyoming at the 40 percent APPE limit if spending rose to \$16 billion. California would not be constrained by the 40 percent APPE limit until total federal spending reached \$17 billion, or nearly double the 2003 expenditure level.¹²

Grants to States Formula—Funding Alternatives for Multiple Years

As is apparent, the pace of annual funding increases affects funding growth differently from one state to the next.

¹¹On July 10, 2003, the House approved H.R. 2660, a fiscal year 2004 appropriations bill for the Departments of Labor, Health and Human Services, and Education. For Grants to States, the bill included total funding of \$9,874,398,000. On July 26, 2003, the Senate Appropriations Committee marked up and approved a Senate version of the spending bill, S. 1356, which includes Grants to States funding of \$9,858,533,000. At press time for this paper, the Senate had not yet acted on the bill.

¹²The trigger level at which California begins to be affected by the 40 percent APPE limitation is \$17,070,208,058. By the time expenditures reached that amount, 19 states would have reached the limit and \$235 million would be made available to be distributed to other states.

To demonstrate, if it is assumed that the federal government will spend a total of \$22 billion for the Grants to States program in fiscal years 2004 and 2005, how that funding total is spread between the two years alters the combined two-year grant amount for every state. For example, if Congress were to appropriate \$9.5 billion in 2004 and \$12.5 billion in 2005 (a combined total of \$22 billion), California would receive a total of \$2.344 billion for the two years combined. If Congress instead were to appropriate \$10 billion in 2004 and \$12 billion in 2005, California's combined grant sum would be \$5 million more. (This scenario is shown in Appendix Table F.2.) However, if Congress instead were to appropriate \$10.5 billion in 2004 and \$11.5 billion in 2005, California's two-year receipts would begin to decline again. Thus, steady funding growth from one year to the next is a more lucrative funding scenario for California than is uneven growth.

At larger funding levels, the scenario yields a similar result. If the two-year national funding total were to be \$24 billion, California would receive approximately \$2.5 billion, but the state would fare better if the funds were to grow evenly than if growth were uneven. At \$10.5 billion in 2004 and \$13.5 billion in 2005, California would receive somewhat more than at either a wider funding split (\$10 billion in 2004 and \$14 billion in 2005) or a narrower split (\$11 billion in 2004 and \$13 billion in 2005). A scenario whereby total funding grew negligibly in 2004 (by just \$126 million, to \$9 billion) and then very substantially in 2005 (to \$15 billion) would provide California a two-year grant total of nearly \$40 million less than under a more even growth profile.

It is interesting to note that sharp growth in 2004 and flat growth in 2005 would prove a more lucrative scenario than flat growth in 2004 and sharp growth in 2005, providing the state a two-year sum that is larger by more than \$12 million. In addition, with respect to California's share of total funds, no growth from one year to the next is slightly preferable to minimal growth. In light of the structure of growth minimums—in particular, the priority of states (especially small states) that are first eligible to take greatest advantage of them—California's share of the nation's expenditures initially begins to decline as total funding growth from one year to the next leaves zero. As growth rises further, California's share halts its decline and then begins to increase again.

Grants to States—Effect of Increasing California's FAPE Age

As discussed above, California is one of only two states to guarantee FAPE to all disabled children through only age 18—the youngest maximum age among states. In 2003, 49 other states guarantee FAPE to children through ages 19, 20, or 21.

The basic provisions of the Grants to States formula base both population and poverty counts—and thus eligibility for funding—on the age for which a state guarantees FAPE. Therefore, the formula counts California’s total number of persons ages 3 through 18, but it counts persons ages 3 through 20 in Alabama and in 27 other states.

For allocation of 2003 funding, California represented 11 percent of the nation’s children-living-in-poverty/population count. If the state were to increase the age through which it guaranteed FAPE, the state’s share of the nation’s count would increase. If the state covered children to age 19, the state’s percentage of counted children would rise to 11.6 percent.¹³ Including children to age 20 would further increase that share to 12.2 percent. And if the state’s maximum FAPE age increased to the national maximum of 21, the state’s share of counted children would rise to 12.8 percent.

Because California has received maximum funding for several years, the state’s low FAPE age has not limited its IDEA grant receipts to date. However, depending on future appropriations, 2003 may be the last year for which California receives funding at the maximum ceiling, and the state’s choice to guarantee FAPE to relatively fewer children will begin to reduce the state’s share of funding in 2004 and beyond.

For example, if Congress were to appropriate \$9.5 billion in total Grants to States funding for 2004, as proposed by President Bush, California’s grant allocation would be \$6.7 million less than if the state guaranteed FAPE through age 19 or more. (The state’s receipts would not grow further by increasing the FAPE age to 20 or 21, because the change would return the state to the growth maximum.)

If the nation’s total appropriation for 2004 is significantly higher (\$10.3 billion or more) and California thereby remains at the maximum growth cap, a FAPE age change would not make a difference. Nevertheless, the state’s relatively low FAPE age is likely to reduce state funding at some point in the near future.

Grants for Infants and Toddlers—Allocation Formula Provisions

The formula for allocating Grants for Infants and Toddlers under IDEA, Part C, is relatively simple. Following set-asides for U.S. territories and for Indian tribes and tribal organizations, the formula requires that funds be distributed according to states’ relative population of children from birth through

¹³This hypothetical example assumes that California is the only state to change its FAPE age.

age 2, provided that no state receives less than one-half of 1 percent of total funding.

As shown in Appendix G, the small-state minimum reduced California's grant by \$2 million in 2003, to \$52 million. Without the minimum, California would have received 12.4 percent of the nation's grant funding; with the minimum, the state share was 12 percent.

Preschool Grants—Allocation Formula Provisions

The formula for allocating Preschool Grants¹⁴ to states under IDEA, Part B, Section 619, requires that every state receive at least the same amount received in 1997, and any increase since that date is allocated as follows: 85 percent to states on the basis of their relative populations of children ages 3 through 5, and 15 percent to states on the basis of their relative populations of such children who are living in poverty.¹⁵

In a manner similar to the Grants to States formula, the Preschool Grants formula includes four complicated provisos that in some instances require numerous recalculations of state grant amounts. First, every state must receive at least one-third of 1 percent of the increase in total program funding since 1997. Second, every state's allocation must increase by at least the rate of increase in the nation's total grant level from the prior year, less 1.5 percent. Third, every state's allocation must increase by at least 90 percent of the nation's total percentage increase from that of the prior year. Fourth, if funding does not decline from one year to the next, no state's grant may decline from the prior year's amount. Finally, if funds do decline from one year to the next, each state's funding is reduced pro rata.

Congress maintained level funding at \$390 million for the Preschool Grants program for several years, resulting in no change in state funding totals. Because of an across-the-board funding cut applied to nearly all domestic discretionary programs in the fiscal year 2003 omnibus appropriations bill, nationwide Preschool Grants funding declined by two-thirds of 1 percent, to \$387 million, and state grant funding was reduced on a pro rata basis (see Appendix H). For fiscal year 2004, the President, the House, and the Senate Appropriations Committee all would provide \$390 million.

¹⁴ The preschool grant is allocated only to the 50 states, the District of Columbia, and Puerto Rico. No funds are provided to territories or to Indian tribes or tribal organizations.

¹⁵ As with the Grants to States formula, the Preschool Grants formula counts only children ages 3 through 5 by state for ages for which the state guarantees FAPE. At present, all states guarantee FAPE to all children with disabilities in that age range, so the formula counts all children ages 3, 4, and 5 (as well as all such children living in poverty) in every state.

The formula requires that any state's pro rata reduction be applied relative to what if any funding growth that state had enjoyed since 1997. Because California's share of funding for Preschool Grants had risen from 10 percent of the nation's total in 1997 to 10.2 percent in 2002, the state bore a larger burden of the 2003 across-the-board reduction. Whereas the national average reduction in Preschool Grants funding was 0.65 percent, California's reduction was 0.8 percent. The funding shares of only six other states were reduced by a greater proportion than California's.

Reauthorization of IDEA

On April 30, 2003, the House of Representatives approved H.R. 1350 (entitled the Improving Education Results for Children with Disabilities Act), a bill to reauthorize IDEA programs. The House Committee on Education and Workforce had reported the bill on April 10.

As passed by the House, the bill makes no change to the primary IDEA funding formulas, but it adds one limitation that, if enacted, will affect future funding allotments. The bill would limit a state's total funding if the state identifies more than 13.5 percent of its children ages 3 through 17, as disabled.¹⁶ At present, only three states—New Mexico, Rhode Island, and West Virginia—would be affected by the provision. During committee markup, the limitation was altered upward from 12 percent, a level that would have affected nine states.¹⁷ Among the states, California identifies one of the lowest percentages of children as disabled, so this provision is unlikely to reduce the state's funding in the foreseeable future. In fact, California may stand to gain funds as excess funds are redistributed from states that reach the limit.

During floor consideration, the House adopted a rule preventing consideration of an amendment that would have converted the grant from a discretionary program to a mandatory entitlement, thereby avoiding annual appropriations. Amendment proponents sought mandatory status to force the federal share of education spending for disabled children to rise to the 40 percent level in the near future; opponents argued that the same goal could be achieved with increased discretionary spending, and that periodic reauthorization forces

¹⁶The language states that, notwithstanding the 40 percent APPE limitation, "the maximum amount of the grant a State may receive under [the formula] for a fiscal year may not be based on the number of children ages 3 through 17, inclusive, in excess of 13.5 percent of the number of all children in that age range in the State." H.R. 1350, 108th Congress, *Improving Education Results for Children with Disabilities Act of 2003*.

¹⁷Representatives Rob Andrews (NJ) and Rush Holt (NJ) promoted the change to 13.5 percent after they failed in their attempt to strip the limitation entirely. New Jersey would have been one of the states limited by the 12 percent threshold.

Congress to regularly assess the program and its efficiency. Representative Lynn Woolsey (Petaluma) had unsuccessfully offered a similar amendment during committee markup.

During subcommittee and full committee markup, supporters of H.R. 1350 expressed their commitment to move toward the 40 percent level. The bill authorizes an IDEA funding increase of \$2.2 billion for fiscal year 2004 and \$2.7 billion for fiscal year 2005. If enacted and if funding is appropriated, the 2004 federal spending level would represent 21 percent of the nation's expenditures on education for disabled children, and the funding levels for the future would increase IDEA spending to represent a 40 percent federal share within seven years.

As this report goes to press, the Senate has begun considering a reauthorization bill as well, and allocation change proposals are possible during that process and in conference. On June 25, 2003, the Senate Committee on Health, Education, Labor and Pensions marked up and unanimously passed S.B. 1248, which, like the House bill, would not significantly change the formula for allocating funds among states. The Senate Committee bill would alter the IDEA law's 40 percent APPE limitation by adjusting limit amounts by a weighted rate of change in the nation's population and poverty totals in FAPE age ranges.¹⁸

Conclusion

Congress has made education for disabled children a spending priority in recent years. The \$8.9 billion in total U.S. funding for the Grants to States program in fiscal year 2003 is nearly three times the \$3.1 billion total appropriated in 1997. From 1975 to 1999, all grant funds were allocated to states according to state-reported counts of disabled children, which resulted in wide variation among states and led to charges that states had a financial incentive to identify more children as disabled. In 1997, Congress created a new allocation formula (which took effect in 2000) to distribute future funding according to population and poverty factors. To dampen sharp funding changes from one year to the next, the new formula included minimum growth floors and maximum growth caps.

Primarily because of this formula change, California's share of grant spending has risen slowly but steadily since the new formula took effect, from 10 percent

¹⁸The Senate provision reads that each state's limit should be "adjusted by the rate of change in the sum of—(i) 85 percent of the change in the nationwide total of the population described in subsection (d)(3)(A)(i)(II); and (ii) 15 percent of the change in the nationwide total of the adjacent child poverty provision."

in 1999 to 10.5 percent in 2003. California identifies the second-lowest percentage of its children as disabled, so the pre-1999 formula's use of disabled-child counts as its primary factor substantially shifted past funding toward other states. With every year of total U.S. funding growth, California's share has risen. California received maximum funding from the formula in every year that the 1997 formula has operated to date. California maximizes its grant funding with steady, even increases in the program total.

However, under some funding scenarios, the state will soon reach the point where its percentage funding growth begins to slow relative to that of other states. California is one of only two states that guarantees education services for disabled children through only age 18. A provision of the Grants to States formula, designed to provide an incentive for states to revise that age level upward, sets California's base formula share far lower than it would be if the state guaranteed FAPE to more children. In the long run, California's share of the nation's Grants to States funding will be considerably less (11 percent) than it would be if the state extended that guarantee to, say, age 21 (12.8 percent).

Appendix A

Methodology

All funding calculations in this report pertain to state grants. Payments distributed by USDE to the Secretary of the Interior for Indian tribes and tribal organizations for the Grants to States program and the Grants for Infants and Toddlers program result in additional federal dollars for educating disabled children within states. However, these amounts are not included in our state grant calculations for the states in which the tribe or tribal organization is located.

For most federal policy on education for disabled children, the law treats states and territories equally. However, for formula allocation purposes, IDEA treats the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico and the District of Columbia as states, although not the four territories.

Population counts are derived from the 2000 decennial Census for individual year of age by state. Poverty counts are derived from the Current Population Survey's March Supplement, also published by the U.S. Census Bureau. Data for FAPE age guarantees by state are published by USDE. (The top FAPE guarantee age for New Jersey was revised downward from 21 for 2002 to 20 for 2003.)

To estimate future allocations, we assume that the amount of payments for tribes and tribal organizations, as well as grants to territories, will each rise by the rate of inflation. For the period from 2003 to 2004, USDE assumes that rate to be approximately 1.9 percent, and we use that rate for our calculations for all future years. We assume no change in funding for national programs, which in 2002 included \$16 million for evaluation and \$6 million for a competitive grant. In addition, we assume no change in future-year population and poverty count proportions.

To calculate funding levels for future years, we employ a spreadsheet-based program to calculate state totals for grant funding. Starting from a selected funding total for all states, the model applies the aforementioned funding assumptions, then the basic formula provisions, growth minimums, and growth maximums. It then performs pro rata operations to reduce funding (in the event of an overage above the target funding total) or to redistribute excess funding (in the event that the formula result falls short of the target). The minimum, maximum, and pro rata reduction operations must be repeated a number of times, because each iteration causes changes that may push state totals above the maximum or below the minimum. The program repeats the operation through

170 formula iterations. Finally, the state totals are compared to the 40 percent APPE limitation to ensure that no state exceeds that maximum.

The allotment under the Grants to States program for a state in any year (G_{SY}) may be expressed by the following equation:

$$G_{SY} = G_{SB} + \left(\sum G_Y - \sum G_B \right) \times \left(0.85 \times \frac{T_{FS}}{\sum T_F} + 0.15 \times \frac{P_{FS} \times T_{FS}}{\sum I_{FS}} \right)$$

subject to the constraint that

$$\left[\begin{array}{l} 1.015 \times G_{SY-1} \times \left(\frac{\sum G_Y - \sum G_{Y-1}}{\sum G_{Y-1}} \right) \\ D_S \times 0.4 \times E_N \end{array} \right] \geq G_{SY} \geq \left[\begin{array}{l} 0.985 \times G_{SY-1} \times \left(\frac{\sum G_Y - \sum G_{Y-1}}{\sum G_{Y-1}} \right) \\ 0.9 \times G_{SY-1} \times \left(\frac{\sum G_Y - \sum G_{Y-1}}{\sum G_{Y-1}} \right) \\ G_{SB} + \left(\frac{\sum G_Y - \sum G_B}{300 \times \sum G_B} \right) \end{array} \right]$$

where

G is the grant amount,

S is the state,

Y is the current year,

Y-1 is the year immediately preceding the current year,

B is the base year,

T is total population,

P is population living below the poverty line,

I is the total number of persons for whom income status is determined,

F is the age range for which a state guarantees FAPE,

D is the number of disabled children ages 3 through 21 receiving education services, and

E_N is the average rate of per pupil expenditure in public schools nationwide.

Appendix B

Funding Allocation: Fiscal Years 1997–2002, by State

Table B.1
Special Education—Grants to States Funding, Fiscal Years 1997–2002, by State (in dollars)

	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002
Alabama	51,491,342	62,130,954	69,017,922	79,372,913	100,426,123	119,960,334
Alaska	9,270,792	11,173,803	12,247,357	14,360,167	18,460,830	22,199,605
Arizona	41,816,326	52,481,933	61,263,060	71,831,645	92,343,757	111,045,656
Arkansas	29,225,314	35,821,419	40,872,926	46,925,276	59,842,674	71,962,298
California	307,776,487	378,734,568	431,237,374	505,630,798	650,017,799	781,662,507
Colorado	37,659,727	45,732,816	51,886,005	60,836,940	78,209,425	94,048,771
Connecticut	40,296,930	48,210,039	53,060,125	60,621,805	76,114,202	89,245,788
Delaware	8,263,659	10,039,140	11,224,669	13,161,054	16,919,300	20,345,877
District of Columbia	3,519,960	4,806,664	5,643,797	6,617,417	8,507,074	10,229,967
Florida	170,127,018	209,709,817	238,676,175	274,310,784	344,413,144	405,878,306
Georgia	74,375,036	92,475,056	107,699,572	126,278,991	162,338,988	195,216,655
Hawaii	8,923,486	11,578,324	14,156,512	16,598,674	21,338,561	25,660,148
Idaho	13,279,299	16,413,793	19,052,135	22,338,848	28,717,888	34,533,972
Illinois	139,400,226	170,803,141	194,398,440	222,970,401	283,066,424	336,448,325
Indiana	72,880,410	89,431,754	101,341,485	115,783,816	145,373,315	170,853,119
Iowa	35,850,998	43,662,619	49,065,489	56,057,887	70,383,938	82,526,911
Kansas	29,172,085	35,477,639	40,399,267	46,805,142	60,170,732	70,893,325
Kentucky	44,816,646	53,835,138	60,830,890	69,988,093	88,537,364	104,503,321
Louisiana	48,892,611	59,015,014	65,859,276	77,220,761	99,271,780	119,376,775
Maine	17,160,794	20,405,779	21,991,584	25,125,639	31,546,701	36,989,288
Maryland	55,142,003	68,307,731	77,229,155	88,552,235	111,365,477	131,443,233
Massachusetts	83,808,150	100,822,220	114,086,702	130,345,374	163,656,198	191,890,947
Michigan	102,005,063	125,354,617	143,898,146	168,624,335	216,776,390	260,135,764
Minnesota	53,346,976	65,109,758	73,410,154	85,579,363	109,440,436	128,321,623
Mississippi	34,494,547	39,812,779	42,676,977	49,937,502	64,197,563	77,199,160
Missouri	66,212,565	80,825,972	90,973,549	103,938,330	130,959,742	153,553,541
Montana	9,802,564	11,731,742	12,997,604	15,239,841	19,591,702	23,559,507
Nebraska	21,016,992	25,866,816	30,009,897	34,286,654	43,048,888	50,475,888
Nevada	15,795,815	19,887,291	23,039,165	27,013,687	34,727,666	41,760,879
New Hampshire	13,923,843	16,861,522	19,016,870	21,791,090	27,359,981	32,080,256
New Jersey	106,666,547	129,050,413	145,270,027	165,972,682	208,388,355	244,340,509
New Mexico	25,889,284	31,492,541	36,034,694	41,240,344	52,531,899	61,594,953
New York	217,531,327	264,648,309	298,798,306	342,212,717	429,667,970	509,305,853
North Carolina	80,968,571	99,943,670	114,312,121	132,570,043	169,440,174	202,724,219
North Dakota	6,698,412	8,079,153	9,114,296	10,686,617	13,738,268	16,520,608
Ohio	119,083,642	142,534,245	159,145,801	186,600,288	239,885,523	288,468,284
Oklahoma	38,883,465	48,454,881	55,517,617	64,473,544	81,913,464	98,502,970
Oregon	33,595,356	42,149,735	48,323,540	56,238,461	72,297,813	86,394,113
Pennsylvania	113,545,199	140,124,025	156,534,110	183,436,695	235,280,772	281,508,625
Rhode Island	13,242,935	15,741,261	17,575,151	20,079,813	25,211,373	29,560,959
South Carolina	47,832,775	59,584,850	68,478,573	78,237,560	98,231,807	115,429,949
South Dakota	7,932,164	9,651,526	10,857,498	12,730,542	16,365,852	19,680,342
Tennessee	66,069,215	80,976,258	88,697,223	101,635,101	128,733,463	154,805,179
Texas	243,257,042	299,062,045	336,565,139	393,361,010	505,688,457	608,102,898
Utah	28,393,678	34,223,373	37,843,586	44,372,041	57,042,839	68,595,427
Vermont	6,201,960	7,665,239	8,787,921	10,303,939	13,246,313	15,929,020
Virginia	76,203,265	93,127,550	106,290,352	121,999,520	153,996,278	181,253,563
Washington	56,399,997	69,216,964	78,927,411	92,258,094	118,603,146	142,623,221
West Virginia	23,902,422	28,457,380	30,522,278	34,872,055	43,783,893	51,337,699
Wisconsin	58,182,903	71,190,727	80,406,470	92,662,516	117,131,369	140,599,055
Wyoming	6,785,370	8,188,737	9,219,400	10,809,853	13,896,695	16,711,120
American Samoa	3,492,174	4,270,929	4,832,745	4,956,510	5,127,424	5,705,650
Guam	8,437,038	10,318,497	11,675,837	11,974,852	12,387,778	12,629,887
Northern Mariana Islands	2,153,536	2,633,775	2,980,233	3,056,556	3,161,954	4,372,921
Puerto Rico	24,274,497	31,761,179	37,448,755	43,909,097	56,447,698	67,879,755
Virgin Islands	6,396,519	7,822,943	8,852,007	9,078,705	9,391,764	7,999,858
Palau	368,334	184,167	0	0	0	0
Marshall Islands	0	0	0	0	0	0
Micronesia	0	0	0	0	0	0
Indian Tribe set-aside	38,018,284	46,682,402	52,849,182	61,173,538	77,724,538	79,377,301
Other	7,368,425	13,943,368	17,577,448	20,636,845	23,244,059	22,579,306
Total	3,107,522,000	3,807,700,000	4,310,700,000	4,989,685,000	6,339,685,000	7,528,533,000
States total	3,041,287,690	3,721,843,919	4,211,932,548	4,878,807,994	6,208,647,483	7,395,868,077

SOURCE: <http://www.ed.gov/offices/OUS/BudgetHistory/index.html>.

Table B.2

Special Education—Preschool Grants Funding, Fiscal Years 1997–2002, by State (in dollars)

	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002
Alabama	5,308,013	5,506,321	5,506,321	5,730,375	5,730,375	5,730,375
Alaska	1,195,743	1,240,996	1,240,996	1,294,380	1,294,380	1,294,380
Arizona	5,008,915	5,234,835	5,241,962	5,545,066	5,545,066	5,545,066
Arkansas	5,102,788	5,275,780	5,275,780	5,479,110	5,479,110	5,479,110
California	36,074,288	37,945,640	37,945,640	39,848,701	39,848,701	39,848,701
Colorado	4,692,338	4,856,958	4,856,958	5,073,769	5,073,769	5,073,769
Connecticut	4,665,794	4,823,971	4,823,971	5,009,888	5,009,888	5,009,888
Delaware	1,189,269	1,234,522	1,234,522	1,287,906	1,287,906	1,287,906
District of Columbia	224,647	236,479	240,026	253,905	253,905	253,905
Florida	17,510,810	18,166,520	18,166,520	18,917,454	18,917,454	18,917,454
Georgia	9,250,017	9,602,719	9,602,719	10,077,250	10,077,250	10,077,250
Hawaii	927,721	976,583	979,916	1,036,577	1,036,577	1,036,577
Idaho	2,080,088	2,150,606	2,150,606	2,233,491	2,233,491	2,233,491
Illinois	16,776,014	17,371,793	17,371,793	18,041,307	18,041,307	18,041,307
Indiana	8,464,723	8,751,690	8,751,690	9,088,983	9,088,983	9,088,983
Iowa	3,796,987	3,925,710	3,925,710	4,077,008	4,077,008	4,077,008
Kansas	4,122,628	4,262,391	4,262,391	4,426,665	4,426,665	4,426,665
Kentucky	9,715,496	10,044,866	10,044,866	10,431,998	10,431,998	10,431,998
Louisiana	6,147,040	6,382,405	6,382,405	6,628,385	6,628,385	6,628,385
Maine	2,390,839	2,471,892	2,471,892	2,567,159	2,567,159	2,567,159
Maryland	6,338,022	6,570,944	6,570,944	6,824,190	6,824,190	6,824,190
Massachusetts	9,409,924	9,728,934	9,728,934	10,103,890	10,103,890	10,103,890
Michigan	11,916,000	12,368,808	12,368,808	12,853,643	12,853,643	12,853,643
Minnesota	7,066,345	7,305,905	7,305,905	7,587,477	7,587,477	7,587,477
Mississippi	4,018,513	4,160,974	4,160,974	4,321,339	4,321,339	4,321,339
Missouri	5,660,844	5,894,391	5,894,391	6,171,495	6,171,495	6,171,495
Montana	1,116,795	1,162,014	1,162,014	1,215,398	1,215,398	1,215,398
Nebraska	2,143,533	2,216,202	2,216,202	2,306,907	2,306,907	2,306,907
Nevada	2,111,164	2,187,001	2,194,131	2,312,229	2,312,229	2,312,229
New Hampshire	1,481,893	1,532,131	1,532,131	1,591,180	1,591,180	1,591,180
New Jersey	10,823,193	11,190,115	11,190,115	11,621,386	11,621,386	11,621,386
New Mexico	3,032,410	3,135,213	3,135,213	3,256,045	3,256,045	3,256,045
New York	32,104,446	33,194,656	33,194,656	34,473,989	34,473,989	34,473,989
North Carolina	10,761,043	11,125,858	11,125,858	11,554,652	11,554,652	11,554,652
North Dakota	748,392	787,809	793,645	839,536	839,536	839,536
Ohio	11,833,780	12,325,761	12,325,761	12,874,725	12,874,725	12,874,725
Oklahoma	3,422,144	3,577,925	3,577,925	3,760,076	3,760,076	3,760,076
Oregon	3,647,438	3,779,324	3,779,595	3,960,512	3,960,512	3,960,512
Pennsylvania	13,268,414	13,763,543	13,763,543	14,293,994	14,293,994	14,293,994
Rhode Island	1,590,008	1,643,912	1,643,912	1,707,269	1,707,269	1,707,269
South Carolina	6,792,495	7,022,771	7,022,771	7,293,431	7,293,431	7,293,431
South Dakota	1,393,847	1,441,100	1,441,100	1,496,640	1,496,640	1,496,640
Tennessee	6,533,536	6,776,149	6,776,149	7,049,034	7,049,034	7,049,034
Texas	21,349,912	22,381,975	22,381,975	23,676,158	23,676,158	23,676,158
Utah	3,377,473	3,491,974	3,491,974	3,647,879	3,647,879	3,647,879
Vermont	798,889	840,965	844,142	892,952	892,952	892,952
Virginia	8,682,896	8,977,259	8,977,259	9,323,245	9,323,245	9,323,245
Washington	7,770,713	8,034,152	8,034,152	8,343,791	8,343,791	8,343,791
West Virginia	3,314,028	3,426,378	3,426,378	3,558,432	3,558,432	3,558,432
Wisconsin	9,010,480	9,315,949	9,315,949	9,674,989	9,674,989	9,674,989
Wyoming	991,813	1,037,066	1,037,066	1,090,450	1,090,450	1,090,450
American Samoa	27,838	0	0	0	0	0
Guam	110,705	0	0	0	0	0
Northern Mariana Islands	29,780	0	0	0	0	0
Puerto Rico	2,896,457	3,049,009	3,094,744	3,273,690	3,273,690	3,273,690
Virgin Islands	112,000	0	0	0	0	0
Palau	3,413	1,706	0	0	0	0
Marshall Islands	0	0	0	0	0	0
Micronesia	0	0	0	0	0	0
Indian Tribe set-aside	0	0	0	0	0	0
Other	74,266	74,450	0	0	0	0
Total	360,409,000	373,985,000	373,985,000	390,000,000	390,000,000	390,000,000
States total	360,050,998	373,908,844	373,985,000	390,000,000	390,000,000	390,000,000

SOURCE: <http://www.ed.gov/offices/OUS/BudgetHistory/index.html>.

Table B.3

Special Education—Infants and Toddlers Grants Funding, Fiscal Years 1997–2002, by State (in dollars)

	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002
Alabama	4,451,153	5,026,654	5,401,820	5,442,925	5,567,271	6,063,339
Alaska	1,545,710	1,713,659	1,812,075	1,836,562	1,878,520	2,043,288
Arizona	5,281,199	5,964,019	6,790,748	7,163,113	7,326,758	7,868,896
Arkansas	2,643,862	2,985,693	3,224,319	3,300,402	3,375,801	3,716,598
California	40,850,169	46,131,788	46,249,616	45,929,796	46,979,082	49,954,044
Colorado	4,069,358	4,595,495	5,125,020	5,377,332	5,500,179	6,132,874
Connecticut	3,378,163	3,775,344	3,831,379	3,992,165	4,083,368	4,478,645
Delaware	1,545,710	1,713,659	1,812,075	1,836,562	1,878,520	2,043,288
District of Columbia	1,545,710	1,713,659	1,812,075	1,836,562	1,878,520	2,043,288
Florida	14,722,619	16,118,402	17,360,485	17,645,688	18,048,811	19,235,683
Georgia	8,342,876	9,421,547	10,497,445	10,918,523	11,167,962	12,265,577
Hawaii	1,569,551	1,713,659	1,812,075	1,836,562	1,878,520	2,043,288
Idaho	1,545,710	1,713,659	1,812,075	1,836,562	1,878,520	2,043,288
Illinois	13,792,826	15,576,135	16,098,291	16,151,859	16,520,855	17,822,071
Indiana	6,177,116	6,975,771	7,501,701	7,655,126	7,830,010	8,666,617
Iowa	2,728,821	3,081,637	3,315,411	3,369,461	3,446,438	3,851,252
Kansas	2,734,507	3,088,058	3,335,406	3,433,291	3,511,726	3,884,393
Kentucky	3,889,895	4,392,829	4,795,769	4,812,022	4,921,954	5,461,452
Louisiana	4,898,566	5,531,914	5,747,605	5,894,220	6,028,876	6,549,059
Maine	1,545,710	1,713,659	1,812,075	1,836,562	1,878,520	2,043,288
Maryland	6,148,806	6,054,659	6,237,516	6,413,677	6,560,200	7,162,997
Massachusetts	8,621,533	7,826,512	8,115,297	7,269,022	7,435,086	8,078,494
Michigan	9,990,962	11,282,718	11,896,386	12,028,661	12,303,461	13,646,869
Minnesota	4,873,116	5,345,043	5,792,064	5,931,008	6,066,505	6,710,076
Mississippi	3,065,154	3,461,456	3,688,050	3,786,753	3,873,263	4,213,822
Missouri	5,465,155	6,171,758	6,630,914	6,722,152	6,875,722	7,568,706
Montana	1,545,710	1,713,659	1,812,075	1,836,562	1,878,520	2,043,288
Nebraska	1,719,997	1,942,380	2,098,289	2,120,927	2,169,380	2,400,219
Nevada	1,903,065	2,149,117	2,488,044	2,652,976	2,713,585	2,970,642
New Hampshire	1,545,710	1,713,659	1,812,075	1,836,562	1,878,520	2,043,288
New Jersey	8,527,086	9,629,574	9,865,491	9,965,995	10,193,673	11,405,544
New Mexico	2,022,495	2,283,988	2,415,047	2,442,953	2,498,764	2,682,058
New York	19,656,530	22,197,971	22,590,621	22,320,520	22,830,440	25,063,710
North Carolina	7,655,537	8,645,341	9,652,685	9,991,552	10,219,813	11,179,579
North Dakota	1,545,710	1,713,659	1,812,075	1,836,562	1,878,520	2,043,288
Ohio	11,364,015	12,833,297	13,495,119	13,648,077	13,959,873	15,361,800
Oklahoma	3,394,025	3,832,847	4,236,413	4,398,814	4,499,306	4,901,951
Oregon	3,203,673	3,617,884	3,969,749	4,068,712	4,161,663	4,544,414
Pennsylvania	12,702,122	12,737,869	12,889,527	13,016,152	13,313,512	14,662,818
Rhode Island	1,568,805	1,713,659	1,812,075	1,836,562	1,878,520	2,043,288
South Carolina	3,760,591	4,246,807	4,638,845	4,752,400	4,860,970	5,456,933
South Dakota	1,545,710	1,713,659	1,812,075	1,836,562	1,878,520	2,043,288
Tennessee	5,473,582	6,181,275	6,622,525	6,863,518	7,020,318	7,697,334
Texas	24,061,384	27,172,340	29,847,674	30,671,586	31,372,291	33,464,547
Utah	2,904,730	3,280,289	3,832,145	3,997,116	4,088,432	4,423,421
Vermont	1,545,710	1,713,659	1,812,075	1,836,562	1,878,520	2,043,288
Virginia	6,814,652	7,695,736	8,150,863	8,373,127	8,564,414	9,470,434
Washington	5,775,775	6,522,539	7,047,124	7,217,290	7,382,172	8,061,958
West Virginia	1,798,698	1,799,482	1,812,075	1,836,562	1,878,520	2,068,052
Wisconsin	5,553,755	5,672,891	6,010,473	6,078,934	6,217,810	6,961,718
Wyoming	1,545,710	1,713,659	1,812,075	1,836,562	1,878,520	2,043,288
American Samoa	514,925	570,537	581,948	589,812	603,278	603,278
Guam	1,140,327	1,263,482	1,288,752	1,306,168	1,335,989	1,341,222
Northern Mariana Islands	342,733	379,748	387,343	392,577	401,540	462,815
Puerto Rico	4,609,319	5,205,269	5,560,061	5,782,773	5,914,883	5,986,306
Virgin Islands	671,647	744,185	759,069	769,327	786,891	786,891
Palau	52,039	26,004	0	0	0	0
Marshall Islands	0	0	0	0	0	0
Micronesia	0	0	0	0	0	0
Indian Tribe set-aside	3,864,276	4,284,149	4,567,901	4,629,630	4,735,395	5,148,148
Other	0	0	0	0	0	0
Total	315,754,000	350,000,000	370,000,000	375,000,000	383,567,000	417,000,000
States total	309,168,053	342,731,895	362,414,987	367,312,486	375,703,907	408,657,646

SOURCE: <http://www.ed.gov/offices/OUS/BudgetHistory/index.html>.

Table B.4
Special Education—Total Funding from All IDEA Formula Grant Programs, Fiscal Years 1997–2002, by State
(in dollars)

	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002
Alabama	61,250,508	72,663,929	79,926,063	90,546,213	111,723,769	131,754,048
Alaska	12,012,245	14,128,458	15,300,428	17,491,109	21,633,730	25,537,273
Arizona	52,106,440	63,680,787	73,295,770	84,539,824	105,215,581	124,459,618
Arkansas	36,971,964	44,082,892	49,373,025	55,704,788	68,697,585	81,158,006
California	384,700,944	462,811,996	515,432,630	591,409,295	736,845,582	871,465,252
Colorado	46,421,423	55,185,269	61,867,983	71,288,041	88,783,373	105,255,414
Connecticut	48,340,887	56,809,354	61,715,475	69,623,858	85,207,458	98,734,321
Delaware	10,998,638	12,987,321	14,271,266	16,285,522	20,085,726	23,677,071
District of Columbia	5,290,317	6,756,802	7,695,898	8,707,884	10,639,499	12,527,160
Florida	202,360,447	243,994,739	274,203,180	310,873,926	381,379,400	444,031,443
Georgia	91,967,929	111,499,322	127,799,736	147,274,764	183,584,202	217,559,482
Hawaii	11,420,758	14,268,566	16,948,503	19,471,813	24,253,658	28,740,013
Idaho	16,905,097	20,278,058	23,014,816	26,408,901	32,829,899	38,810,751
Illinois	169,969,066	203,751,069	227,868,524	257,163,567	317,628,586	372,309,703
Indiana	87,522,249	105,159,215	117,594,876	132,527,925	162,292,308	188,608,719
Iowa	42,376,806	50,669,966	56,306,610	63,504,356	77,907,384	90,455,171
Kansas	36,029,220	42,828,088	47,997,064	54,665,098	68,109,123	79,204,383
Kentucky	58,422,037	68,272,833	75,671,525	85,232,113	103,891,316	120,396,771
Louisiana	59,938,217	70,929,333	77,989,286	89,743,366	111,929,401	132,554,219
Maine	21,097,343	24,591,330	26,275,551	29,529,360	35,992,380	41,599,735
Maryland	67,628,831	80,933,334	90,037,615	101,790,102	124,749,867	145,430,420
Massachusetts	101,839,607	118,377,666	131,930,933	147,718,286	181,195,174	210,073,331
Michigan	123,912,025	149,006,143	168,163,340	193,506,639	241,933,494	286,636,276
Minnesota	65,286,437	77,760,706	86,508,123	99,097,848	123,094,418	142,619,176
Mississippi	41,578,214	47,435,209	50,526,001	58,045,594	72,392,165	85,734,321
Missouri	77,338,564	92,892,121	103,498,854	116,831,977	144,006,959	167,293,742
Montana	12,465,069	14,607,415	15,971,693	18,291,801	22,685,620	26,818,193
Nebraska	24,880,522	30,025,398	34,324,388	38,714,488	47,525,175	55,183,014
Nevada	19,810,044	24,223,409	27,721,340	31,978,892	39,753,480	47,043,750
New Hampshire	16,951,446	20,107,312	22,361,076	25,218,832	30,829,681	35,714,724
New Jersey	126,016,826	149,870,102	166,325,633	187,560,063	230,203,414	267,367,439
New Mexico	30,944,189	36,911,742	41,584,954	46,939,342	58,286,708	67,533,056
New York	269,292,303	320,040,936	354,583,583	399,007,226	486,972,399	568,843,552
North Carolina	99,385,151	119,714,869	135,090,664	154,116,247	191,214,639	225,458,460
North Dakota	8,992,514	10,580,621	11,720,016	13,362,715	16,456,324	19,403,432
Ohio	142,281,437	167,693,303	184,966,681	213,123,090	266,720,121	316,704,809
Oklahoma	45,699,634	55,865,653	63,331,955	72,632,434	90,172,846	107,164,997
Oregon	40,446,467	49,546,943	56,072,884	64,267,685	80,419,988	94,899,039
Pennsylvania	139,515,735	166,625,437	183,187,180	210,746,841	262,888,278	310,465,437
Rhode Island	16,401,748	19,098,832	21,031,138	23,623,644	28,797,162	33,311,516
South Carolina	58,385,861	70,854,428	80,140,189	90,283,391	110,386,208	128,180,313
South Dakota	10,871,721	12,806,285	14,110,673	16,063,744	19,741,012	23,220,270
Tennessee	78,076,333	93,933,682	102,095,897	115,547,653	142,802,815	169,551,547
Texas	288,668,338	348,616,360	388,794,788	447,708,754	560,736,906	665,243,603
Utah	34,675,881	40,995,636	45,167,705	52,017,036	64,779,150	76,666,727
Vermont	8,546,559	10,219,863	11,444,138	13,033,453	16,017,785	18,865,260
Virginia	91,700,813	109,800,545	123,418,474	139,695,892	171,883,937	200,047,242
Washington	69,946,485	83,773,655	94,008,687	107,819,175	134,329,109	159,028,970
West Virginia	29,015,148	33,683,240	35,760,731	40,267,049	49,220,845	56,964,183
Wisconsin	72,747,138	86,179,567	95,732,892	108,416,439	133,024,168	157,235,762
Wyoming	9,322,893	10,939,462	12,068,541	13,736,865	16,865,665	19,844,858
American Samoa	4,034,937	4,841,466	5,414,693	5,546,322	5,730,702	6,308,928
Guam	9,688,070	11,581,979	12,964,589	13,281,020	13,723,767	13,971,109
Northern Mariana Islands	2,526,049	3,013,523	3,367,576	3,449,133	3,563,494	4,835,736
Puerto Rico	31,780,273	40,015,457	46,103,560	52,965,560	65,636,271	77,139,751
Virgin Islands	7,180,166	8,567,128	9,611,076	9,848,032	10,178,655	8,786,749
Palau	423,786	211,877	0	0	0	0
Marshall Islands	0	0	0	0	0	0
Micronesia	0	0	0	0	0	0
Indian Tribe set-aside	41,882,560	50,966,551	57,417,083	65,803,168	82,459,933	84,525,449
Other	7,442,691	14,017,818	17,577,448	20,636,845	23,244,059	22,579,306
Total	3,783,685,000	4,531,685,000	5,054,685,000	5,754,685,000	7,113,252,000	8,335,533,000
States total	3,710,506,741	4,438,484,658	4,948,332,535	5,636,120,480	6,974,351,390	8,194,525,723

SOURCE: <http://www.ed.gov/offices/OUS/BudgetHistory/index.html>.

Table B.5

Special Education—Percentage of Grants to States and Total IDEA Grant Funding, Fiscal Years 1997–2002, by State

	% of Grants to States Funding						% of Funding from All IDEA Grants					
	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002
Alabama	1.66	1.63	1.60	1.59	1.58	1.59	1.62	1.60	1.58	1.57	1.57	1.58
Alaska	0.30	0.29	0.28	0.29	0.29	0.29	0.32	0.31	0.30	0.30	0.30	0.31
Arizona	1.35	1.38	1.42	1.44	1.46	1.47	1.38	1.41	1.45	1.47	1.48	1.49
Arkansas	0.94	0.94	0.95	0.94	0.94	0.96	0.98	0.97	0.98	0.97	0.97	0.97
California	9.90	9.95	10.00	10.13	10.25	10.38	10.17	10.21	10.20	10.28	10.36	10.45
Colorado	1.21	1.20	1.20	1.22	1.23	1.25	1.23	1.22	1.22	1.24	1.25	1.26
Connecticut	1.30	1.27	1.23	1.21	1.20	1.19	1.28	1.25	1.22	1.21	1.20	1.18
Delaware	0.27	0.26	0.26	0.26	0.27	0.27	0.29	0.29	0.28	0.28	0.28	0.28
District of Columbia	0.11	0.13	0.13	0.13	0.13	0.14	0.14	0.15	0.15	0.15	0.15	0.15
Florida	5.47	5.51	5.54	5.50	5.43	5.39	5.35	5.38	5.42	5.40	5.36	5.33
Georgia	2.39	2.43	2.50	2.53	2.56	2.59	2.43	2.46	2.53	2.56	2.58	2.61
Hawaii	0.29	0.30	0.33	0.33	0.34	0.34	0.30	0.31	0.34	0.34	0.34	0.34
Idaho	0.43	0.43	0.44	0.45	0.45	0.46	0.45	0.45	0.46	0.46	0.46	0.47
Illinois	4.49	4.49	4.51	4.47	4.46	4.47	4.49	4.50	4.51	4.47	4.47	4.47
Indiana	2.35	2.35	2.35	2.32	2.29	2.27	2.31	2.32	2.33	2.30	2.28	2.26
Iowa	1.15	1.15	1.14	1.12	1.11	1.10	1.12	1.12	1.11	1.10	1.10	1.09
Kansas	0.94	0.93	0.94	0.94	0.95	0.94	0.95	0.95	0.95	0.95	0.96	0.95
Kentucky	1.44	1.41	1.41	1.40	1.40	1.39	1.54	1.51	1.50	1.48	1.46	1.44
Louisiana	1.57	1.55	1.53	1.55	1.57	1.59	1.58	1.57	1.54	1.56	1.57	1.59
Maine	0.55	0.54	0.51	0.50	0.50	0.49	0.56	0.54	0.52	0.51	0.51	0.50
Maryland	1.77	1.79	1.79	1.77	1.76	1.75	1.79	1.79	1.78	1.77	1.75	1.74
Massachusetts	2.70	2.65	2.65	2.61	2.58	2.55	2.69	2.61	2.61	2.57	2.55	2.52
Michigan	3.28	3.29	3.34	3.38	3.42	3.46	3.27	3.29	3.33	3.36	3.40	3.44
Minnesota	1.72	1.71	1.70	1.72	1.73	1.70	1.73	1.72	1.71	1.72	1.73	1.71
Mississippi	1.11	1.05	0.99	1.00	1.01	1.03	1.10	1.05	1.00	1.01	1.02	1.03
Missouri	2.13	2.12	2.11	2.08	2.07	2.04	2.04	2.05	2.05	2.03	2.02	2.01
Montana	0.32	0.31	0.30	0.31	0.31	0.31	0.33	0.32	0.32	0.32	0.32	0.32
Nebraska	0.68	0.68	0.70	0.69	0.68	0.67	0.66	0.66	0.68	0.67	0.67	0.66
Nevada	0.51	0.52	0.53	0.54	0.55	0.55	0.52	0.53	0.55	0.56	0.56	0.56
New Hampshire	0.45	0.44	0.44	0.44	0.43	0.43	0.45	0.44	0.44	0.44	0.43	0.43
New Jersey	3.43	3.39	3.37	3.33	3.29	3.25	3.33	3.31	3.29	3.26	3.24	3.21
New Mexico	0.83	0.83	0.84	0.83	0.83	0.82	0.82	0.81	0.82	0.82	0.82	0.81
New York	7.00	6.95	6.93	6.86	6.78	6.77	7.12	7.06	7.01	6.93	6.85	6.82
North Carolina	2.61	2.62	2.65	2.66	2.67	2.69	2.63	2.64	2.67	2.68	2.69	2.70
North Dakota	0.22	0.21	0.21	0.21	0.22	0.22	0.24	0.23	0.23	0.23	0.23	0.23
Ohio	3.83	3.74	3.69	3.74	3.78	3.83	3.76	3.70	3.66	3.70	3.75	3.80
Oklahoma	1.25	1.27	1.29	1.29	1.29	1.31	1.21	1.23	1.25	1.26	1.27	1.29
Oregon	1.08	1.11	1.12	1.13	1.14	1.15	1.07	1.09	1.11	1.12	1.13	1.14
Pennsylvania	3.65	3.68	3.63	3.68	3.71	3.74	3.69	3.68	3.62	3.66	3.70	3.72
Rhode Island	0.43	0.41	0.41	0.40	0.40	0.39	0.43	0.42	0.42	0.41	0.40	0.40
South Carolina	1.54	1.56	1.59	1.57	1.55	1.53	1.54	1.56	1.59	1.57	1.55	1.54
South Dakota	0.26	0.25	0.25	0.26	0.26	0.26	0.29	0.28	0.28	0.28	0.28	0.28
Tennessee	2.13	2.13	2.06	2.04	2.03	2.06	2.06	2.07	2.02	2.01	2.01	2.03
Texas	7.83	7.85	7.81	7.88	7.98	8.08	7.63	7.69	7.69	7.78	7.88	7.98
Utah	0.91	0.90	0.88	0.89	0.90	0.91	0.92	0.90	0.89	0.90	0.91	0.92
Vermont	0.20	0.20	0.20	0.21	0.21	0.21	0.23	0.23	0.23	0.23	0.23	0.23
Virginia	2.45	2.45	2.47	2.45	2.43	2.41	2.42	2.42	2.44	2.43	2.42	2.40
Washington	1.81	1.82	1.83	1.85	1.87	1.89	1.85	1.85	1.86	1.87	1.89	1.91
West Virginia	0.77	0.75	0.71	0.70	0.69	0.68	0.77	0.74	0.71	0.70	0.69	0.68
Wisconsin	1.87	1.87	1.87	1.86	1.85	1.87	1.92	1.90	1.89	1.88	1.87	1.89
Wyoming	0.22	0.22	0.21	0.22	0.22	0.22	0.25	0.24	0.24	0.24	0.24	0.24
American Samoa	0.11	0.11	0.11	0.10	0.08	0.08	0.11	0.11	0.11	0.10	0.08	0.08
Guam	0.27	0.27	0.27	0.24	0.20	0.17	0.26	0.26	0.26	0.23	0.19	0.17
Northern Mariana Islands	0.07	0.07	0.07	0.06	0.05	0.06	0.07	0.07	0.07	0.06	0.05	0.06
Puerto Rico	0.78	0.83	0.87	0.88	0.89	0.90	0.84	0.88	0.91	0.92	0.92	0.93
Virgin Islands	0.21	0.21	0.21	0.18	0.15	0.11	0.19	0.19	0.19	0.17	0.14	0.11
Palau	0.01	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.01	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Marshall Islands	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Micronesia	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Indian Tribe set-aside	1.22	1.23	1.23	1.23	1.23	1.05	1.11	1.12	1.14	1.14	1.16	1.01
Other	0.24	0.37	0.41	0.41	0.37	0.30	0.20	0.31	0.35	0.36	0.33	0.27
Total	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00
States total	97.87	97.75	97.71	97.78	97.93	98.24	98.07	97.94	97.90	97.94	98.05	98.31

SOURCE: <http://www.ed.gov/offices/OUS/BudgetHistory/index.html>.

Table B.6

**Special Education—Percentage of Preschool Grants and Infants and Toddlers Grants Funding,
Fiscal Years 1997–2002, by State**

	% of Preschool Grants Funding						% of Infants and Toddlers Grants Funding					
	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002
Alabama	1.47	1.47	1.47	1.47	1.47	1.47	1.41	1.44	1.46	1.45	1.45	1.45
Alaska	0.33	0.33	0.33	0.33	0.33	0.33	0.49	0.49	0.49	0.49	0.49	0.49
Arizona	1.39	1.40	1.40	1.42	1.42	1.42	1.67	1.70	1.84	1.91	1.91	1.89
Arkansas	1.42	1.41	1.41	1.40	1.40	1.40	0.84	0.85	0.87	0.88	0.88	0.89
California	10.01	10.15	10.15	10.22	10.22	10.22	12.94	13.18	12.50	12.25	12.25	11.98
Colorado	1.30	1.30	1.30	1.30	1.30	1.30	1.29	1.31	1.39	1.43	1.43	1.47
Connecticut	1.29	1.29	1.29	1.28	1.28	1.28	1.07	1.08	1.04	1.06	1.06	1.07
Delaware	0.33	0.33	0.33	0.33	0.33	0.33	0.49	0.49	0.49	0.49	0.49	0.49
District of Columbia	0.06	0.06	0.06	0.07	0.07	0.07	0.49	0.49	0.49	0.49	0.49	0.49
Florida	4.86	4.86	4.86	4.85	4.85	4.85	4.66	4.61	4.69	4.71	4.71	4.61
Georgia	2.57	2.57	2.57	2.58	2.58	2.58	2.64	2.69	2.84	2.91	2.91	2.94
Hawaii	0.26	0.26	0.26	0.27	0.27	0.27	0.50	0.49	0.49	0.49	0.49	0.49
Idaho	0.58	0.58	0.58	0.57	0.57	0.57	0.49	0.49	0.49	0.49	0.49	0.49
Illinois	4.65	4.65	4.65	4.63	4.63	4.63	4.37	4.45	4.35	4.31	4.31	4.27
Indiana	2.35	2.34	2.34	2.33	2.33	2.33	1.96	1.99	2.03	2.04	2.04	2.08
Iowa	1.05	1.05	1.05	1.05	1.05	1.05	0.86	0.88	0.90	0.90	0.90	0.92
Kansas	1.14	1.14	1.14	1.14	1.14	1.14	0.87	0.88	0.90	0.92	0.92	0.93
Kentucky	2.70	2.69	2.69	2.67	2.67	2.67	1.23	1.26	1.30	1.28	1.28	1.31
Louisiana	1.71	1.71	1.71	1.70	1.70	1.70	1.55	1.58	1.55	1.57	1.57	1.57
Maine	0.66	0.66	0.66	0.66	0.66	0.66	0.49	0.49	0.49	0.49	0.49	0.49
Maryland	1.76	1.76	1.76	1.75	1.75	1.75	1.95	1.73	1.69	1.71	1.71	1.72
Massachusetts	2.61	2.60	2.60	2.59	2.59	2.59	2.73	2.24	2.19	1.94	1.94	1.94
Michigan	3.31	3.31	3.31	3.30	3.30	3.30	3.16	3.22	3.22	3.21	3.21	3.27
Minnesota	1.96	1.95	1.95	1.95	1.95	1.95	1.54	1.53	1.57	1.58	1.58	1.61
Mississippi	1.11	1.11	1.11	1.11	1.11	1.11	0.97	0.99	1.00	1.01	1.01	1.01
Missouri	1.57	1.58	1.58	1.58	1.58	1.58	1.73	1.76	1.79	1.79	1.79	1.82
Montana	0.31	0.31	0.31	0.31	0.31	0.31	0.49	0.49	0.49	0.49	0.49	0.49
Nebraska	0.59	0.59	0.59	0.59	0.59	0.59	0.54	0.55	0.57	0.57	0.57	0.58
Nevada	0.59	0.58	0.59	0.59	0.59	0.59	0.60	0.61	0.67	0.71	0.71	0.71
New Hampshire	0.41	0.41	0.41	0.41	0.41	0.41	0.49	0.49	0.49	0.49	0.49	0.49
New Jersey	3.00	2.99	2.99	2.98	2.98	2.98	2.70	2.75	2.67	2.66	2.66	2.74
New Mexico	0.84	0.84	0.84	0.83	0.83	0.83	0.64	0.65	0.65	0.65	0.65	0.64
New York	8.91	8.88	8.88	8.84	8.84	8.84	6.23	6.34	6.11	5.95	5.95	6.01
North Carolina	2.99	2.97	2.97	2.96	2.96	2.96	2.42	2.47	2.61	2.66	2.66	2.68
North Dakota	0.21	0.21	0.21	0.22	0.22	0.22	0.49	0.49	0.49	0.49	0.49	0.49
Ohio	3.28	3.30	3.30	3.30	3.30	3.30	3.60	3.67	3.65	3.64	3.64	3.68
Oklahoma	0.95	0.96	0.96	0.96	0.96	0.96	1.07	1.10	1.14	1.17	1.17	1.18
Oregon	1.01	1.01	1.01	1.02	1.02	1.02	1.01	1.03	1.07	1.08	1.08	1.09
Pennsylvania	3.68	3.68	3.68	3.67	3.67	3.67	4.02	3.64	3.48	3.47	3.47	3.52
Rhode Island	0.44	0.44	0.44	0.44	0.44	0.44	0.50	0.49	0.49	0.49	0.49	0.49
South Carolina	1.88	1.88	1.88	1.87	1.87	1.87	1.19	1.21	1.25	1.27	1.27	1.31
South Dakota	0.39	0.39	0.39	0.38	0.38	0.38	0.49	0.49	0.49	0.49	0.49	0.49
Tennessee	1.81	1.81	1.81	1.81	1.81	1.81	1.73	1.77	1.79	1.83	1.83	1.85
Texas	5.92	5.98	5.98	6.07	6.07	6.07	7.62	7.76	8.07	8.18	8.18	8.03
Utah	0.94	0.93	0.93	0.94	0.94	0.94	0.92	0.94	1.04	1.07	1.07	1.06
Vermont	0.22	0.22	0.23	0.23	0.23	0.23	0.49	0.49	0.49	0.49	0.49	0.49
Virginia	2.41	2.40	2.40	2.39	2.39	2.39	2.16	2.20	2.20	2.23	2.23	2.27
Washington	2.16	2.15	2.15	2.14	2.14	2.14	1.83	1.86	1.90	1.92	1.92	1.93
West Virginia	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.91	0.91	0.91	0.57	0.51	0.49	0.49	0.49	0.50
Wisconsin	2.50	2.49	2.49	2.48	2.48	2.48	1.76	1.62	1.62	1.62	1.62	1.67
Wyoming	0.28	0.28	0.28	0.28	0.28	0.28	0.49	0.49	0.49	0.49	0.49	0.49
American Samoa	0.01	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.16	0.16	0.16	0.16	0.16	0.14
Guam	0.03	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.36	0.36	0.35	0.35	0.35	0.32
Northern Mariana Islands	0.01	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.11	0.11	0.10	0.10	0.10	0.11
Puerto Rico	0.80	0.82	0.83	0.84	0.84	0.84	1.46	1.49	1.50	1.54	1.54	1.44
Virgin Islands	0.03	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.21	0.21	0.21	0.21	0.21	0.19
Palau	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.01	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Marshall Islands	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Micronesia	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Indian Tribe set-aside	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.22	1.22	1.23	1.23	1.23	1.23
Other	0.02	0.02	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Total	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00
States total	99.90	99.98	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	97.91	97.92	97.95	97.95	97.95	98.00

SOURCE: <http://www.ed.gov/offices/OUS/BudgetHistory/index.html>.

Appendix C

Funding Allocation: Fiscal Years 1991–1996, by State

Table C.1

Special Education—Grants to States Funding, Fiscal Years 1991–1996, by State (in dollars)

	1991	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996
Alabama	37,178,754	40,121,862	39,318,893	40,555,188	41,676,563	40,895,889
Alaska	4,552,208	5,148,324	5,725,985	5,941,481	7,445,561	7,445,561
Arizona	22,070,512	24,285,654	26,143,705	28,117,375	30,444,134	30,754,449
Arkansas	17,676,583	18,751,830	19,783,737	20,623,963	22,120,673	21,789,237
California	185,459,999	200,622,009	209,353,847	219,215,317	228,623,290	228,758,683
Colorado	20,830,995	22,708,014	24,489,103	25,886,784	28,592,515	28,194,577
Connecticut	24,801,917	25,387,257	27,952,797	27,781,565	31,011,051	30,784,375
Delaware	4,474,065	4,737,016	4,776,037	5,142,327	6,481,928	6,415,559
District of Columbia	965,221	1,137,654	945,018	850,913	3,133,152	3,133,152
Florida	91,032,192	99,773,518	104,592,488	111,909,677	123,808,863	125,396,899
Georgia	39,538,981	43,099,754	46,625,933	50,009,633	54,301,278	54,609,781
Hawaii	4,905,046	5,415,839	5,563,277	5,848,729	6,361,317	6,482,177
Idaho	8,413,491	8,873,864	9,082,030	9,209,728	9,604,382	9,605,786
Illinois	81,134,390	82,748,038	82,807,368	86,646,897	105,282,584	103,488,767
Indiana	41,825,451	45,450,032	47,531,918	49,534,695	54,033,999	54,174,644
Iowa	23,603,464	24,586,762	25,136,645	25,621,779	26,907,735	26,671,191
Kansas	17,112,043	18,187,305	18,881,451	19,660,424	21,710,509	21,676,813
Kentucky	30,380,743	32,350,420	32,460,531	32,925,133	33,908,671	33,519,757
Louisiana	27,800,043	30,494,614	31,975,285	35,135,021	37,280,753	36,824,539
Maine	10,713,516	11,023,403	11,505,794	11,783,998	12,843,665	12,888,326
Maryland	34,664,236	36,079,237	37,256,290	38,606,164	40,667,964	40,789,307
Massachusetts	54,260,896	55,977,325	56,209,644	57,197,874	65,840,488	64,529,602
Michigan	63,336,605	64,287,893	66,435,966	68,755,790	76,835,476	76,251,412
Minnesota	31,345,167	32,950,587	34,337,829	36,455,902	39,492,946	39,739,072
Mississippi	23,987,399	24,737,520	25,525,335	26,256,547	27,522,139	26,974,089
Missouri	39,432,133	41,904,337	43,544,354	45,634,990	49,096,067	49,095,746
Montana	6,855,821	7,197,085	7,551,512	7,404,387	7,447,163	7,447,163
Nebraska	12,783,100	14,406,869	14,836,365	15,005,043	15,980,407	15,853,005
Nevada	7,199,489	8,175,786	9,204,471	10,196,042	11,079,037	11,404,975
New Hampshire	7,120,549	7,896,801	8,429,146	8,944,725	9,982,601	10,170,737
New Jersey	69,814,471	73,054,014	74,901,680	76,813,993	80,650,921	79,692,477
New Mexico	14,252,261	15,529,365	16,691,475	17,878,683	19,064,198	19,240,689
New York	115,740,417	125,568,396	130,780,157	143,625,313	157,325,021	159,376,867
North Carolina	48,224,775	51,397,213	53,614,133	55,819,852	58,630,268	59,435,523
North Dakota	4,678,591	4,869,339	4,906,695	4,944,816	5,116,958	5,044,365
Ohio	78,479,533	82,817,272	86,845,058	89,062,163	93,984,597	92,013,426
Oklahoma	25,789,863	27,533,519	28,672,243	29,468,897	29,757,446	29,633,498
Oregon	18,423,324	19,295,872	21,907,150	20,906,772	24,947,271	24,747,446
Pennsylvania	77,985,959	78,161,371	76,765,830	77,564,700	86,942,476	86,078,620
Rhode Island	8,027,960	8,431,830	8,719,636	9,149,275	9,956,971	10,139,194
South Carolina	30,591,649	32,227,929	32,494,223	33,087,449	34,723,535	34,989,762
South Dakota	5,700,027	5,989,377	6,121,659	6,297,166	6,621,031	6,432,855
Tennessee	41,366,562	44,210,780	46,191,225	47,866,823	52,007,136	51,141,216
Texas	133,837,216	144,662,710	154,128,665	164,033,132	176,717,434	178,234,586
Utah	18,048,957	19,384,361	20,284,596	20,697,253	21,524,339	21,216,198
Vermont	4,453,732	4,141,765	3,810,064	3,780,453	4,505,075	4,547,917
Virginia	45,626,931	48,688,884	50,967,673	53,114,323	57,223,693	57,327,775
Washington	32,202,344	35,424,175	37,610,466	40,026,835	43,908,928	43,033,744
West Virginia	16,548,299	17,508,072	17,932,324	17,629,828	19,043,606	18,396,296
Wisconsin	33,221,786	35,942,408	38,469,610	40,390,803	42,955,802	43,010,693
Wyoming	4,285,486	4,689,084	4,816,302	4,980,840	5,106,031	5,074,854
American Samoa	1,961,348	2,218,768	2,304,814	2,413,677	2,616,028	2,546,094
Guam	5,630,419	5,360,508	5,568,393	5,831,404	6,320,281	6,151,324
Northern Mariana Islands	957,583	1,368,258	1,421,321	1,488,454	1,613,239	1,570,112
Puerto Rico	14,005,474	14,330,670	12,700,625	18,127,953	18,127,953	18,127,953
Virgin Islands	5,210,366	4,064,056	4,221,664	4,421,064	4,791,706	4,663,611
Palau	744,369	624,802	649,032	679,688	736,669	552,502
Marshall Islands	0	1,702,661	1,768,692	1,852,232	0	0
Micronesia	0	3,984,697	4,139,227	4,334,735	0	0
Indian Tribe set-aside	22,891,184	24,396,235	25,342,342	26,539,333	28,479,470	28,408,765
Other	0	0	0	0	0	7,243,368
Total	1,854,155,895	1,976,095,000	2,052,729,728	2,149,686,000	2,322,915,000	2,323,837,000
States total	1,816,760,626	1,932,375,015	2,007,314,243	2,102,125,413	2,278,357,607	2,272,701,224

SOURCE: <http://www.ed.gov/offices/OUS/BudgetHistory/index.html>.

Table C.2

Special Education—Preschool Grants Funding, Fiscal Years 1991–1996, by State (in dollars)

	1991	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996
Alabama	5,525,003	5,885,805	5,695,812	5,840,375	5,820,469	5,666,452
Alaska	902,773	1,043,491	1,100,462	1,213,290	1,411,602	1,328,590
Arizona	3,121,061	3,943,417	4,387,813	4,710,003	4,977,467	5,173,258
Arkansas	3,048,552	3,563,455	3,593,118	3,666,800	4,739,242	4,958,310
California	31,446,463	34,813,572	34,437,799	36,119,473	36,991,756	36,129,071
Colorado	2,478,044	3,048,537	3,955,753	4,258,563	4,614,328	4,711,713
Connecticut	4,185,584	4,476,008	4,507,461	5,537,762	4,961,085	4,838,309
Delaware	1,189,621	1,310,188	1,307,998	1,355,738	1,372,012	1,256,061
District of Columbia	168,921	208,859	187,595	168,670	230,716	255,168
Florida	10,773,517	11,740,282	12,757,968	14,031,500	17,597,926	17,775,410
Georgia	5,190,347	6,329,229	7,353,890	8,113,877	8,731,045	8,778,583
Hawaii	623,097	721,367	664,708	761,141	818,429	861,111
Idaho	1,988,013	1,914,272	1,898,850	1,846,865	2,030,031	2,020,907
Illinois	19,131,140	18,516,148	17,072,663	17,545,222	17,077,108	16,461,986
Indiana	3,874,036	6,040,040	6,566,579	7,127,370	7,552,890	8,084,288
Iowa	4,306,698	4,339,446	4,020,008	3,999,180	3,872,349	3,848,625
Kansas	2,774,453	3,246,953	3,389,274	3,809,957	3,997,264	4,045,111
Kentucky	7,816,596	9,782,631	9,329,550	8,993,370	9,562,443	9,681,233
Louisiana	5,061,266	5,506,646	5,868,636	6,381,820	6,592,482	6,321,846
Maine	2,279,641	1,961,667	1,940,948	2,006,322	2,230,713	2,342,670
Maryland	5,684,363	6,245,685	5,816,198	6,099,759	6,178,831	6,254,592
Massachusetts	7,694,686	8,101,317	7,590,969	7,822,602	9,738,552	9,389,800
Michigan	11,092,236	11,646,295	11,087,334	10,959,297	12,062,781	12,009,397
Minnesota	6,881,951	7,224,912	7,114,595	7,288,244	7,343,334	7,105,812
Mississippi	4,381,597	3,667,081	3,706,118	4,035,323	4,403,407	4,349,730
Missouri	3,135,403	4,118,537	4,540,696	4,950,960	5,443,678	5,535,241
Montana	1,383,243	1,433,897	1,375,946	1,282,742	1,174,742	1,195,401
Nebraska	1,990,403	2,220,331	2,180,982	2,127,510	2,261,430	2,178,492
Nevada	1,109,144	1,460,406	1,706,085	1,856,079	1,979,519	2,087,501
New Hampshire	979,266	1,011,359	1,019,958	1,230,299	1,362,455	1,427,492
New Jersey	11,465,935	11,824,629	11,062,223	11,023,080	10,883,943	10,970,921
New Mexico	1,741,005	2,081,360	2,265,178	2,504,537	2,809,552	3,008,613
New York	20,727,129	23,287,771	23,973,074	28,368,449	30,722,822	31,630,327
North Carolina	8,352,842	8,976,918	9,382,727	9,999,012	10,335,138	10,980,811
North Dakota	772,895	796,877	724,532	752,637	763,821	770,780
Ohio	7,776,756	8,804,207	11,527,519	11,585,077	12,418,412	12,002,803
Oklahoma	4,090,765	4,255,099	4,069,492	3,645,540	3,392,486	3,502,466
Oregon	0	966,374	3,618,967	2,450,676	3,855,284	3,444,443
Pennsylvania	11,499,401	11,096,836	11,541,552	10,840,236	13,488,035	13,573,374
Rhode Island	1,294,001	1,397,748	1,386,286	1,460,625	1,454,605	1,538,263
South Carolina	6,327,379	6,965,445	6,328,762	6,429,303	6,760,400	6,803,830
South Dakota	1,654,154	1,761,645	1,669,156	1,560,552	1,520,134	1,434,745
Tennessee	5,896,311	6,851,376	6,728,325	6,850,269	6,706,475	6,693,059
Texas	18,244,303	19,919,519	19,509,927	20,060,389	20,919,424	21,226,447
Utah	2,517,087	2,748,905	2,837,566	2,759,668	3,118,084	3,205,099
Vermont	591,225	708,514	691,297	703,737	890,784	801,110
Virginia	7,372,779	8,639,530	8,310,331	8,618,469	8,819,782	8,716,604
Washington	7,038,921	7,759,109	7,851,682	8,324,360	8,757,666	8,277,477
West Virginia	2,018,291	2,613,950	2,649,232	2,726,359	3,045,047	3,192,572
Wisconsin	8,226,948	8,711,827	8,991,288	8,959,353	8,922,854	8,924,958
Wyoming	971,298	1,071,607	1,022,174	1,051,707	1,020,476	1,025,948
American Samoa	38,246	28,116	25,111	22,678	35,495	34,946
Guam	149,001	150,218	123,340	97,092	118,089	123,298
Northern Mariana Islands	168,125	20,083	11,078	16,300	15,017	23,737
Puerto Rico	2,665,292	2,969,010	3,231,221	3,248,669	2,273,717	2,337,395
Virgin Islands	43,824	64,264	56,131	46,065	80,546	87,694
Palau	0	0	0	12,048	6,826	5,120
Marshall Islands	0	0	0	0	0	0
Micronesia	0	0	0	0	0	0
Indian Tribe set-aside	0	0	0	0	0	0
Other	0	0	0	0	0	0
Total	291,861,031	319,992,770	325,763,937	339,257,000	360,265,000	360,409,000
States total	291,461,835	319,730,089	325,548,277	339,062,817	360,009,027	360,134,205

SOURCE: <http://www.ed.gov/offices/OUS/BudgetHistory/index.html>.

Table C.3

Special Education—Infants and Toddlers Grants Funding, Fiscal Years 1991–1996, by State (in dollars)

	1991	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996
Alabama	1,714,125	2,514,499	3,046,905	3,636,547	4,367,917	4,483,470
Alaska	572,521	855,556	1,042,702	1,237,632	1,524,910	1,545,710
Arizona	1,840,021	2,617,743	3,312,138	3,922,215	5,040,920	5,306,409
Arkansas	997,485	1,461,652	1,736,776	2,054,731	2,511,863	2,549,297
California	14,817,016	21,710,996	29,207,477	34,996,612	40,347,086	41,438,233
Colorado	1,510,754	2,226,280	2,642,716	3,207,936	3,893,981	3,972,753
Connecticut	1,346,121	2,065,015	2,426,424	2,754,255	4,095,944	3,378,163
Delaware	572,521	855,556	1,042,702	1,237,632	1,374,985	1,545,710
District of Columbia	572,521	855,556	1,042,702	1,237,632	1,383,883	1,545,710
Florida	5,219,850	7,611,429	9,650,350	11,385,994	15,212,617	14,722,619
Georgia	2,992,456	4,459,870	5,417,361	6,504,198	7,438,660	8,226,009
Hawaii	572,521	855,556	1,042,702	1,237,632	1,590,820	1,569,551
Idaho	572,521	855,556	1,042,702	1,237,632	1,479,484	1,545,710
Illinois	5,074,585	7,626,080	9,265,029	11,106,525	13,736,885	13,785,909
Indiana	2,285,500	3,553,592	4,124,608	4,855,347	6,442,058	6,065,530
Iowa	1,065,276	1,705,171	1,934,501	2,232,081	2,809,586	2,712,211
Kansas	1,094,329	1,663,102	1,869,241	2,180,341	2,802,012	2,716,195
Kentucky	1,442,964	2,223,604	2,620,544	3,138,084	3,928,148	3,876,538
Louisiana	2,062,761	2,938,957	3,458,507	4,130,713	5,275,752	5,023,051
Maine	572,521	855,556	1,042,702	1,237,632	1,374,985	1,545,710
Maryland	2,120,867	3,231,212	3,926,195	4,494,909	6,239,596	6,148,806
Massachusetts	2,450,134	3,730,987	4,451,846	5,090,115	8,492,708	8,621,533
Michigan	3,980,257	6,302,266	7,359,225	8,232,797	10,176,247	10,017,913
Minnesota	1,898,127	2,980,248	3,334,075	3,877,592	5,094,610	4,873,116
Mississippi	1,162,119	1,729,046	2,078,640	2,520,647	2,836,013	3,120,649
Missouri	2,140,235	3,268,138	3,808,036	4,442,070	5,724,039	5,422,619
Montana	572,521	855,556	1,042,702	1,237,632	1,395,819	1,545,710
Nebraska	677,903	1,055,762	1,191,819	1,352,447	1,758,114	1,689,626
Nevada	572,521	855,556	1,082,919	1,320,760	1,759,009	1,783,636
New Hampshire	572,521	855,556	1,042,702	1,237,632	1,522,232	1,545,710
New Jersey	3,263,617	4,831,689	5,884,344	6,994,924	8,552,266	8,497,315
New Mexico	765,062	1,102,824	1,352,764	1,654,768	1,890,168	2,045,597
New York	7,766,827	11,325,359	14,117,157	16,637,446	21,361,708	20,119,188
North Carolina	2,730,979	4,142,304	5,011,663	6,033,463	6,809,052	7,582,020
North Dakota	572,521	855,556	1,042,702	1,237,632	1,374,985	1,545,710
Ohio	4,532,263	6,989,364	8,016,235	9,708,755	10,460,369	11,402,583
Oklahoma	1,317,068	1,992,104	2,344,879	2,811,532	3,722,478	3,381,056
Oregon	1,123,381	1,783,733	2,121,710	2,483,462	3,142,903	3,086,097
Pennsylvania	4,667,844	7,092,114	8,210,103	9,633,345	12,590,173	12,702,122
Rhode Island	572,521	855,556	1,042,702	1,237,632	1,564,797	1,568,805
South Carolina	1,539,807	2,299,998	2,796,532	3,296,241	4,103,199	3,852,059
South Dakota	572,521	855,556	1,042,702	1,237,632	1,374,985	1,545,710
Tennessee	1,985,286	2,979,366	3,619,468	4,346,068	5,624,612	5,414,050
Texas	8,522,204	12,341,503	15,327,041	18,816,567	24,258,785	23,718,333
Utah	1,007,170	1,516,578	1,778,806	2,160,609	2,826,559	2,768,788
Vermont	572,521	855,556	1,042,702	1,237,632	1,374,985	1,545,710
Virginia	2,624,452	3,995,496	4,789,719	5,660,050	7,329,204	6,930,714
Washington	2,072,445	3,257,061	3,943,587	4,704,307	5,946,345	5,664,434
West Virginia	629,481	929,181	1,098,617	1,291,991	1,878,151	1,798,698
Wisconsin	2,043,392	3,164,311	3,581,798	4,136,450	5,649,829	5,553,755
Wyoming	572,521	855,556	1,042,702	1,237,632	1,423,267	1,545,710
American Samoa	177,694	328,582	400,457	475,322	514,726	514,925
Guam	473,852	722,787	880,891	1,045,571	1,139,887	1,140,327
Northern Mariana Islands	118,463	204,735	249,519	296,165	342,601	342,733
Puerto Rico	2,004,655	2,714,693	3,045,563	3,630,290	4,107,217	4,549,818
Virgin Islands	355,389	428,589	522,340	619,990	671,387	671,647
Palau	0	0	0	94,472	104,018	78,014
Marshall Islands	0	0	0	0	0	0
Micronesia	0	0	0	0	0	0
Indian Tribe set-aside	1,431,301	2,138,889	2,606,756	3,094,080	3,862,461	3,864,276
Other	0	0	0	0	0	0
Total	117,060,811	174,934,693	213,200,407	253,152,000	315,632,000	315,754,000
States total	114,504,112	171,111,111	208,540,444	247,526,400	308,996,920	309,142,078

SOURCE: <http://www.ed.gov/offices/OUS/BudgetHistory/index.html>.

Table C.4
Special Education—Total Funding from All IDEA Formula Grant Programs, Fiscal Years 1991–1996, by State
(in dollars)

	1991	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996
Alabama	44,417,882	48,522,166	48,061,610	50,032,110	51,864,949	51,045,811
Alaska	6,027,502	7,047,371	7,869,149	8,392,403	10,382,073	10,319,861
Arizona	27,031,594	30,846,814	33,843,656	36,749,593	40,462,521	41,234,116
Arkansas	21,722,620	23,776,937	25,113,631	26,345,494	29,371,778	29,296,844
California	231,723,478	257,146,577	272,999,123	290,331,402	305,962,132	306,325,987
Colorado	24,819,793	27,982,831	31,087,572	33,353,283	37,100,824	36,879,043
Connecticut	30,333,622	31,928,280	34,886,682	36,073,582	40,068,080	39,000,847
Delaware	6,236,207	6,902,760	7,126,737	7,735,697	9,228,925	9,217,330
District of Columbia	1,706,663	2,202,069	2,175,315	2,257,215	4,747,751	4,934,030
Florida	107,025,559	119,125,229	127,000,806	137,327,171	156,619,406	157,894,928
Georgia	47,721,784	53,888,853	59,397,184	64,627,708	70,470,983	71,614,373
Hawaii	6,100,664	6,992,762	7,270,687	7,847,502	8,770,566	8,712,839
Idaho	10,974,025	11,643,692	12,023,582	12,294,225	13,113,897	13,172,403
Illinois	105,340,115	108,890,266	109,145,060	115,298,644	136,096,577	133,736,662
Indiana	47,984,987	55,043,664	58,223,105	61,517,412	68,028,947	68,324,462
Iowa	28,975,438	30,631,379	31,091,154	31,853,040	33,589,670	33,232,027
Kansas	20,980,825	23,097,360	24,139,966	25,650,722	28,509,785	28,438,119
Kentucky	39,640,303	44,356,655	44,410,625	45,056,587	47,399,262	47,077,528
Louisiana	34,924,070	38,940,217	41,302,428	45,647,554	49,148,987	48,169,436
Maine	13,565,678	13,840,626	14,489,444	15,027,952	16,449,363	16,776,706
Maryland	42,469,466	45,556,134	46,998,683	49,200,832	53,086,391	53,192,705
Massachusetts	64,405,716	67,809,629	68,252,459	70,110,591	84,071,748	82,540,935
Michigan	78,409,098	82,236,454	84,882,525	87,947,884	99,074,504	98,278,722
Minnesota	40,125,245	43,155,747	44,786,499	47,621,738	51,930,890	51,718,000
Mississippi	29,531,115	30,133,647	31,310,093	32,812,517	34,761,559	34,444,468
Missouri	44,707,771	49,291,012	51,893,086	55,028,020	60,263,784	60,053,606
Montana	8,811,585	9,486,538	9,970,160	9,924,761	10,017,724	10,188,274
Nebraska	15,451,406	17,682,962	18,209,166	18,485,000	19,999,951	19,721,123
Nevada	8,881,154	10,491,748	11,993,475	13,372,881	14,817,565	15,276,112
New Hampshire	8,672,336	9,763,716	10,491,806	11,412,656	12,867,294	13,143,939
New Jersey	84,544,023	89,710,332	91,848,247	94,831,997	100,087,130	99,160,713
New Mexico	16,758,328	18,713,549	20,309,417	22,037,988	23,763,918	24,294,899
New York	144,234,373	160,181,526	168,870,388	188,631,208	209,409,551	211,126,382
North Carolina	59,308,596	64,516,435	68,008,523	71,852,327	75,774,458	77,998,354
North Dakota	6,024,007	6,521,772	6,673,929	6,935,085	7,255,764	7,360,855
Ohio	90,788,552	98,610,843	106,388,812	110,355,995	116,863,378	115,418,812
Oklahoma	31,197,696	33,780,722	35,086,614	35,925,969	36,872,410	36,517,020
Oregon	19,546,705	22,045,979	27,647,827	25,840,910	31,945,458	31,277,986
Pennsylvania	94,153,204	96,350,321	96,517,485	98,038,281	113,020,684	112,354,116
Rhode Island	9,894,482	10,685,134	11,148,624	11,847,532	12,976,373	13,246,262
South Carolina	38,458,835	41,493,372	41,619,517	42,812,993	45,587,134	45,645,651
South Dakota	7,926,702	8,606,578	8,833,517	9,095,350	9,516,150	9,413,310
Tennessee	49,248,159	54,041,522	56,539,018	59,063,160	64,338,223	63,248,325
Texas	160,603,723	176,923,732	188,965,633	202,910,088	221,895,643	223,179,366
Utah	21,573,214	23,649,844	24,900,968	25,617,530	27,468,982	27,190,085
Vermont	5,617,478	5,705,835	5,544,063	5,721,822	6,770,844	6,894,737
Virginia	55,624,162	61,323,910	64,067,723	67,392,842	73,372,679	72,975,093
Washington	41,313,710	46,440,345	49,405,735	53,055,502	58,612,939	56,975,655
West Virginia	19,196,071	21,051,203	21,680,173	21,648,178	23,966,804	23,387,566
Wisconsin	43,492,126	47,818,546	51,042,696	53,486,606	57,528,485	57,489,406
Wyoming	5,829,305	6,616,247	6,881,178	7,270,179	7,549,774	7,646,512
American Samoa	2,177,288	2,575,466	2,730,382	2,911,677	3,166,249	3,095,965
Guam	6,253,272	6,233,513	6,572,624	6,974,067	7,578,257	7,414,949
Northern Mariana Islands	1,244,171	1,593,076	1,681,918	1,800,919	1,970,857	1,936,582
Puerto Rico	18,675,421	20,014,373	18,977,409	25,006,912	24,508,887	25,015,166
Virgin Islands	5,609,579	4,556,909	4,800,135	5,087,119	5,543,639	5,422,952
Palau	744,369	624,802	649,032	786,208	847,513	635,636
Marshall Islands	0	1,702,661	1,768,692	1,852,232	0	0
Micronesia	0	3,984,697	4,139,227	4,334,735	0	0
Indian Tribe set-aside	24,322,485	26,535,124	27,949,098	29,633,413	32,341,931	32,273,041
Other	0	0	0	0	0	7,243,368
Total	2,263,077,737	2,471,022,463	2,591,694,072	2,742,095,000	2,998,812,000	3,000,000,000
States total	2,222,726,573	2,423,216,215	2,541,402,964	2,688,714,630	2,947,363,554	2,941,977,507

SOURCE: <http://www.ed.gov/offices/OUS/BudgetHistory/index.html>.

Table C.5

Special Education—Percentage of Grants to States and Total IDEA Grants Funding, Fiscal Years 1991–1996, by State

	% of Grants to States Funding						% of Funding from All IDEA Grants					
	1991	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996	1991	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996
Alabama	2.01	2.03	1.92	1.89	1.79	1.76	1.96	1.96	1.85	1.82	1.73	1.70
Alaska	0.25	0.26	0.28	0.28	0.32	0.32	0.27	0.29	0.30	0.31	0.35	0.34
Arizona	1.19	1.23	1.27	1.31	1.31	1.32	1.19	1.25	1.31	1.34	1.35	1.37
Arkansas	0.95	0.95	0.96	0.96	0.95	0.94	0.96	0.96	0.97	0.96	0.98	0.98
California	10.00	10.15	10.20	10.20	9.84	9.84	10.24	10.41	10.53	10.59	10.20	10.21
Colorado	1.12	1.15	1.19	1.20	1.23	1.21	1.10	1.13	1.20	1.22	1.24	1.23
Connecticut	1.34	1.28	1.36	1.29	1.34	1.32	1.34	1.29	1.35	1.32	1.34	1.30
Delaware	0.24	0.24	0.23	0.24	0.28	0.28	0.28	0.28	0.27	0.28	0.31	0.31
District of Columbia	0.05	0.06	0.05	0.04	0.13	0.13	0.08	0.09	0.08	0.08	0.16	0.16
Florida	4.91	5.05	5.10	5.21	5.33	5.40	4.73	4.82	4.90	5.01	5.22	5.26
Georgia	2.13	2.18	2.27	2.33	2.34	2.35	2.11	2.18	2.29	2.36	2.35	2.39
Hawaii	0.26	0.27	0.27	0.27	0.27	0.28	0.27	0.28	0.28	0.29	0.29	0.30
Idaho	0.45	0.45	0.44	0.43	0.41	0.41	0.48	0.47	0.46	0.45	0.44	0.44
Illinois	4.38	4.19	4.03	4.03	4.53	4.45	4.65	4.41	4.21	4.20	4.54	4.46
Indiana	2.26	2.30	2.32	2.30	2.33	2.33	2.12	2.23	2.25	2.24	2.27	2.28
Iowa	1.27	1.24	1.22	1.19	1.16	1.15	1.28	1.24	1.20	1.16	1.12	1.11
Kansas	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.91	0.93	0.93	0.93	0.93	0.93	0.94	0.95	0.95
Kentucky	1.64	1.64	1.58	1.53	1.46	1.44	1.75	1.80	1.71	1.64	1.58	1.57
Louisiana	1.50	1.54	1.56	1.63	1.60	1.58	1.54	1.58	1.59	1.66	1.64	1.61
Maine	0.58	0.56	0.56	0.55	0.55	0.55	0.60	0.56	0.56	0.55	0.55	0.56
Maryland	1.87	1.83	1.81	1.80	1.75	1.76	1.88	1.84	1.81	1.79	1.77	1.77
Massachusetts	2.93	2.83	2.74	2.66	2.83	2.78	2.85	2.74	2.63	2.56	2.80	2.75
Michigan	3.42	3.25	3.24	3.20	3.31	3.28	3.46	3.33	3.28	3.21	3.30	3.28
Minnesota	1.69	1.67	1.67	1.70	1.70	1.71	1.77	1.75	1.73	1.74	1.73	1.72
Mississippi	1.29	1.25	1.24	1.22	1.18	1.16	1.30	1.22	1.21	1.20	1.16	1.15
Missouri	2.13	2.12	2.12	2.12	2.11	2.11	1.98	1.99	2.00	2.01	2.01	2.00
Montana	0.37	0.36	0.37	0.34	0.32	0.32	0.39	0.38	0.38	0.36	0.33	0.34
Nebraska	0.69	0.73	0.72	0.70	0.69	0.68	0.68	0.72	0.70	0.67	0.67	0.66
Nevada	0.39	0.41	0.45	0.47	0.48	0.49	0.39	0.42	0.46	0.49	0.49	0.51
New Hampshire	0.38	0.40	0.41	0.42	0.43	0.44	0.38	0.40	0.40	0.42	0.43	0.44
New Jersey	3.77	3.70	3.65	3.57	3.47	3.43	3.74	3.63	3.54	3.46	3.34	3.31
New Mexico	0.77	0.79	0.81	0.83	0.82	0.83	0.74	0.76	0.78	0.80	0.79	0.81
New York	6.24	6.35	6.37	6.68	6.77	6.86	6.37	6.48	6.52	6.88	6.98	7.04
North Carolina	2.60	2.60	2.61	2.60	2.52	2.56	2.62	2.61	2.62	2.62	2.53	2.60
North Dakota	0.25	0.25	0.24	0.23	0.22	0.22	0.27	0.26	0.26	0.25	0.24	0.25
Ohio	4.23	4.19	4.23	4.14	4.05	3.96	4.01	3.99	4.10	4.02	3.90	3.85
Oklahoma	1.39	1.39	1.40	1.37	1.28	1.28	1.38	1.37	1.35	1.31	1.23	1.22
Oregon	0.99	0.98	1.07	0.97	1.07	1.06	0.86	0.89	1.07	0.94	1.07	1.04
Pennsylvania	4.21	3.96	3.74	3.61	3.74	3.70	4.16	3.90	3.72	3.58	3.77	3.75
Rhode Island	0.43	0.43	0.42	0.43	0.43	0.44	0.44	0.43	0.43	0.43	0.43	0.44
South Carolina	1.65	1.63	1.58	1.54	1.49	1.51	1.70	1.68	1.61	1.56	1.52	1.52
South Dakota	0.31	0.30	0.30	0.29	0.29	0.28	0.35	0.35	0.34	0.33	0.32	0.31
Tennessee	2.23	2.24	2.25	2.23	2.24	2.20	2.18	2.19	2.18	2.15	2.15	2.11
Texas	7.22	7.32	7.51	7.63	7.61	7.67	7.10	7.16	7.29	7.40	7.40	7.44
Utah	0.97	0.98	0.99	0.96	0.93	0.91	0.95	0.96	0.96	0.93	0.92	0.91
Vermont	0.24	0.21	0.19	0.18	0.19	0.20	0.25	0.23	0.21	0.21	0.23	0.23
Virginia	2.46	2.46	2.48	2.47	2.46	2.47	2.46	2.48	2.47	2.46	2.45	2.43
Washington	1.74	1.79	1.83	1.86	1.89	1.85	1.83	1.88	1.91	1.93	1.95	1.90
West Virginia	0.89	0.89	0.87	0.82	0.82	0.79	0.85	0.85	0.84	0.79	0.80	0.78
Wisconsin	1.79	1.82	1.87	1.88	1.85	1.85	1.92	1.94	1.97	1.95	1.92	1.92
Wyoming	0.23	0.24	0.23	0.23	0.22	0.22	0.26	0.27	0.27	0.27	0.25	0.25
American Samoa	0.11	0.11	0.11	0.11	0.11	0.11	0.10	0.10	0.11	0.11	0.11	0.10
Guam	0.30	0.27	0.27	0.27	0.27	0.26	0.28	0.25	0.25	0.25	0.25	0.25
Northern Mariana Islands	0.05	0.07	0.07	0.07	0.07	0.07	0.05	0.06	0.06	0.07	0.07	0.06
Puerto Rico	0.76	0.73	0.62	0.84	0.78	0.78	0.83	0.81	0.73	0.91	0.82	0.83
Virgin Islands	0.28	0.21	0.21	0.21	0.21	0.20	0.25	0.18	0.19	0.19	0.18	0.18
Palau	0.04	0.03	0.03	0.03	0.03	0.02	0.03	0.03	0.03	0.03	0.03	0.02
Marshall Islands	0.00	0.09	0.09	0.09	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.07	0.07	0.07	0.00	0.00
Micronesia	0.00	0.20	0.20	0.20	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.16	0.16	0.16	0.00	0.00
Indian Tribe set-aside	1.23	1.23	1.23	1.23	1.23	1.22	1.07	1.07	1.08	1.08	1.08	1.08
Other	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.31	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.24
Total	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00
States total	97.98	97.79	97.79	97.79	98.08	97.80	98.22	98.07	98.06	98.05	98.28	98.07

SOURCE: <http://www.ed.gov/offices/OUS/BudgetHistory/index.html>.

Table C.6

**Special Education—Percentage of Preschool Grants and Infants and Toddlers Grants Funding, Fiscal Years
1991–1996, by State**

	% of Preschool Grants Funding						% of Infants and Toddlers Grants Funding					
	1991	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996	1991	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996
Alabama	1.89	1.84	1.75	1.72	1.62	1.57	1.46	1.44	1.43	1.44	1.38	1.42
Alaska	0.31	0.33	0.34	0.36	0.39	0.37	0.49	0.49	0.49	0.49	0.48	0.49
Arizona	1.07	1.23	1.35	1.39	1.38	1.44	1.57	1.50	1.55	1.55	1.60	1.68
Arkansas	1.04	1.11	1.10	1.08	1.32	1.38	0.85	0.84	0.81	0.81	0.80	0.81
California	10.77	10.88	10.57	10.65	10.27	10.02	12.66	12.41	13.70	13.82	12.78	13.12
Colorado	0.85	0.95	1.21	1.26	1.28	1.31	1.29	1.27	1.24	1.27	1.23	1.26
Connecticut	1.43	1.40	1.38	1.63	1.38	1.34	1.15	1.18	1.14	1.09	1.30	1.07
Delaware	0.41	0.41	0.40	0.40	0.38	0.35	0.49	0.49	0.49	0.49	0.44	0.49
District of Columbia	0.06	0.07	0.06	0.05	0.06	0.07	0.49	0.49	0.49	0.49	0.44	0.49
Florida	3.69	3.67	3.92	4.14	4.88	4.93	4.46	4.35	4.53	4.50	4.82	4.66
Georgia	1.78	1.98	2.26	2.39	2.42	2.44	2.56	2.55	2.54	2.57	2.36	2.61
Hawaii	0.21	0.23	0.20	0.22	0.23	0.24	0.49	0.49	0.49	0.49	0.50	0.50
Idaho	0.68	0.60	0.58	0.54	0.56	0.56	0.49	0.49	0.49	0.49	0.47	0.49
Illinois	6.55	5.79	5.24	5.17	4.74	4.57	4.33	4.36	4.35	4.39	4.35	4.37
Indiana	1.33	1.89	2.02	2.10	2.10	2.24	1.95	2.03	1.93	1.92	2.04	1.92
Iowa	1.48	1.36	1.23	1.18	1.07	1.07	0.91	0.97	0.91	0.88	0.89	0.86
Kansas	0.95	1.01	1.04	1.12	1.11	1.12	0.93	0.95	0.88	0.86	0.89	0.86
Kentucky	2.68	3.06	2.86	2.65	2.65	2.69	1.23	1.27	1.23	1.24	1.24	1.23
Louisiana	1.73	1.72	1.80	1.88	1.83	1.75	1.76	1.68	1.62	1.63	1.67	1.59
Maine	0.78	0.61	0.60	0.59	0.62	0.65	0.49	0.49	0.49	0.49	0.44	0.49
Maryland	1.95	1.95	1.79	1.80	1.72	1.74	1.81	1.85	1.84	1.78	1.98	1.95
Massachusetts	2.64	2.53	2.33	2.31	2.70	2.61	2.09	2.13	2.09	2.01	2.69	2.73
Michigan	3.80	3.64	3.40	3.23	3.35	3.33	3.40	3.60	3.45	3.25	3.22	3.17
Minnesota	2.36	2.26	2.18	2.15	2.04	1.97	1.62	1.70	1.56	1.53	1.61	1.54
Mississippi	1.50	1.15	1.14	1.19	1.22	1.21	0.99	0.99	0.97	1.00	0.90	0.99
Missouri	1.07	1.29	1.39	1.46	1.51	1.54	1.83	1.87	1.79	1.75	1.81	1.72
Montana	0.47	0.45	0.42	0.38	0.33	0.33	0.49	0.49	0.49	0.49	0.44	0.49
Nebraska	0.68	0.69	0.67	0.63	0.63	0.60	0.58	0.60	0.56	0.53	0.56	0.54
Nevada	0.38	0.46	0.52	0.55	0.55	0.58	0.49	0.49	0.51	0.52	0.56	0.56
New Hampshire	0.34	0.32	0.31	0.36	0.38	0.40	0.49	0.49	0.49	0.49	0.48	0.49
New Jersey	3.93	3.70	3.40	3.25	3.02	3.04	2.79	2.76	2.76	2.76	2.71	2.69
New Mexico	0.60	0.65	0.70	0.74	0.78	0.83	0.65	0.63	0.63	0.65	0.60	0.65
New York	7.10	7.28	7.36	8.36	8.53	8.78	6.63	6.47	6.62	6.57	6.77	6.37
North Carolina	2.86	2.81	2.88	2.95	2.87	3.05	2.33	2.37	2.35	2.38	2.16	2.40
North Dakota	0.26	0.25	0.22	0.22	0.21	0.21	0.49	0.49	0.49	0.49	0.44	0.49
Ohio	2.66	2.75	3.54	3.41	3.45	3.33	3.87	4.00	3.76	3.84	3.31	3.61
Oklahoma	1.40	1.33	1.25	1.07	0.94	0.97	1.13	1.14	1.10	1.11	1.18	1.07
Oregon	0.00	0.30	1.11	0.72	1.07	0.96	0.96	1.02	1.00	0.98	1.00	0.98
Pennsylvania	3.94	3.47	3.54	3.20	3.74	3.77	3.99	4.05	3.85	3.81	3.99	4.02
Rhode Island	0.44	0.44	0.43	0.43	0.40	0.43	0.49	0.49	0.49	0.49	0.50	0.50
South Carolina	2.17	2.18	1.94	1.90	1.88	1.89	1.32	1.31	1.31	1.30	1.30	1.22
South Dakota	0.57	0.55	0.51	0.46	0.42	0.40	0.49	0.49	0.49	0.49	0.44	0.49
Tennessee	2.02	2.14	2.07	2.02	1.86	1.86	1.70	1.70	1.70	1.72	1.78	1.71
Texas	6.25	6.22	5.99	5.91	5.81	5.89	7.28	7.05	7.19	7.43	7.69	7.51
Utah	0.86	0.86	0.87	0.81	0.87	0.89	0.86	0.87	0.83	0.85	0.90	0.88
Vermont	0.20	0.22	0.21	0.21	0.25	0.22	0.49	0.49	0.49	0.49	0.44	0.49
Virginia	2.53	2.70	2.55	2.54	2.45	2.42	2.24	2.28	2.25	2.24	2.32	2.19
Washington	2.41	2.42	2.41	2.45	2.43	2.30	1.77	1.86	1.85	1.86	1.88	1.79
West Virginia	0.69	0.82	0.81	0.80	0.85	0.89	0.54	0.53	0.52	0.51	0.60	0.57
Wisconsin	2.82	2.72	2.76	2.64	2.48	2.48	1.75	1.81	1.68	1.63	1.79	1.76
Wyoming	0.33	0.33	0.31	0.31	0.28	0.28	0.49	0.49	0.49	0.49	0.45	0.49
American Samoa	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.15	0.19	0.19	0.19	0.16	0.16
Guam	0.05	0.05	0.04	0.03	0.03	0.03	0.40	0.41	0.41	0.41	0.36	0.36
Northern Mariana Islands	0.06	0.01	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.01	0.10	0.12	0.12	0.12	0.11	0.11
Puerto Rico	0.91	0.93	0.99	0.96	0.63	0.65	1.71	1.55	1.43	1.43	1.30	1.44
Virgin Islands	0.02	0.02	0.02	0.01	0.02	0.02	0.30	0.24	0.24	0.24	0.21	0.21
Palau	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.04	0.03	0.02
Marshall Islands	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Micronesia	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Indian Tribe set-aside	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.22	1.22	1.22	1.22	1.22	1.22
Other	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Total	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00
States total	99.86	99.92	99.93	99.94	99.93	99.92	97.82	97.81	97.81	97.78	97.90	97.91

SOURCE: <http://www.ed.gov/offices/OUS/BudgetHistory/index.html>.

Appendix D

State Variation in Identification of Children as Disabled: School Year 2001–2002

Table D.1

Students with Individualized Education Programs, School Year 2001–2002, by State

State Name	Total Students (State)	Individualized Education Program (School District)	% of Students	Rank by % of Students
Alabama	737,294	95,708	12.98	31
Alaska	134,358	17,814	13.26	28
Arizona	922,180	97,654	10.59	49
Arkansas	449,805	56,165	12.49	40
California	6,248,610	661,575	10.59	50
Colorado	742,145	73,887	9.96	51
Connecticut	570,228	74,016	12.98	32
Delaware	115,555	16,068	13.91	22
District of Columbia	75,392	12,594	16.70	4
Florida	2,500,478	378,251	15.13	12
Georgia	1,470,634	170,106	11.57	46
Hawaii	184,546	22,848	12.38	41
Idaho	246,521	28,932	11.74	45
Illinois	2,071,391	297,307	14.35	16
Indiana	996,133	160,344	16.10	7
Iowa	485,932	72,305	14.88	14
Kansas	470,205	61,402	13.06	30
Kentucky	654,363	98,146	15.00	13
Louisiana	731,328	98,145	13.42	25
Maine	205,586	33,413	16.25	6
Maryland	860,640	111,511	12.96	33
Massachusetts	973,140	150,003	15.41	11
Michigan	1,730,668	232,592	13.44	24
Minnesota	851,384	110,307	12.96	34
Mississippi	493,507	62,117	12.59	39
Missouri	909,792	140,676	15.46	10
Montana	151,947	19,176	12.62	38
Nebraska	285,095	44,227	15.51	8
Nevada	356,814	40,216	11.27	47
New Hampshire	206,847	28,675	13.86	23
New Jersey	1,341,656	218,364	16.28	5
New Mexico	320,260	62,738	19.59	2
New York	2,872,132	424,722	14.79	15
North Carolina	1,315,363	186,255	14.16	19
North Dakota	106,047	13,401	12.64	37
Ohio	1,830,985	224,986	12.29	42
Oklahoma	622,139	87,672	14.09	21
Oregon	551,480	70,309	12.75	35
Pennsylvania	1,821,627	232,056	12.74	36
Rhode Island	158,046	31,616	20.00	1
South Carolina	691,078	98,423	14.24	18
South Dakota	127,542	16,764	13.14	29
Tennessee	925,030	143,116	15.47	9
Texas	4,163,447	495,493	11.90	44
Utah	484,677	54,571	11.26	48
Vermont	101,179	13,430	13.27	27
Virginia	1,163,091	164,523	14.15	20
Washington	1,009,200	120,775	11.97	43
West Virginia	282,885	50,080	17.70	3
Wisconsin	879,361	126,152	14.35	17
Wyoming	88,128	11,716	13.29	26
States total	47,687,871	6,313,342	13.24	

SOURCE: Common Core of Data, *Build A Table* extraction, National Center for Education Statistics, U.S. Department of Education, Washington, D.C.

Appendix E

Special Education—Grants to States (Part B), Funding Allocation: Fiscal Year 2003, by State

Table E.1
Special Education—Grants to States (Part B), 2003 State Allocations

	Funding in FY 1999 (\$)	Funding in FY 2002 (\$)	FAPE Age Guaranteed by State	Resulting New Funding Level (\$)	% of U.S. Total	% Change from Prior Year
U.S. total (all)	4,310,700,000	7,528,533,000		8,874,397,536	100.00	17.88
U.S. total (states)	4,211,932,548	7,395,868,077		8,740,028,808	98.49	18.17
Alabama	69,017,922	119,960,334	20	143,066,186	1.61	19.26
Alaska	12,247,357	22,199,605	21	26,501,189	0.30	19.38
Arizona	61,263,060	111,045,656	21	132,562,806	1.49	19.38
Arkansas	40,872,926	71,962,298	20	85,906,324	0.97	19.38
California	431,237,374	781,662,507	18	933,124,077	10.51	19.38
Colorado	51,886,005	94,048,771	20	112,272,460	1.27	19.38
Connecticut	53,060,125	89,245,788	20	103,861,437	1.17	16.38
Delaware	11,224,669	20,345,877	20	24,288,267	0.27	19.38
District of Columbia	5,643,797	10,229,967	21	12,212,212	0.14	19.38
Florida	238,676,175	405,878,306	21	479,524,894	5.40	18.14
Georgia	107,699,572	195,216,655	21	233,043,493	2.63	19.38
Hawaii	14,156,512	25,660,148	19	30,632,276	0.35	19.38
Idaho	19,052,135	34,533,972	20	41,225,568	0.46	19.38
Illinois	194,398,440	336,446,325	20	393,133,924	4.43	16.85
Indiana	101,341,485	170,853,119	21	200,791,461	2.26	17.52
Iowa	49,065,489	82,526,911	20	96,042,219	1.08	16.38
Kansas	40,399,267	70,893,325	20	84,072,280	0.95	18.59
Kentucky	60,830,890	104,503,321	20	122,827,403	1.38	17.53
Louisiana	65,859,276	119,376,775	21	142,508,233	1.61	19.38
Maine	21,991,584	36,989,288	19	43,046,968	0.49	16.38
Maryland	77,229,155	131,443,233	20	153,621,503	1.73	16.87
Massachusetts	114,086,702	191,890,947	21	223,316,639	2.52	16.38
Michigan	143,898,146	260,135,764	21	308,119,147	3.47	18.45
Minnesota	73,410,154	128,321,623	20	149,336,662	1.68	16.38
Mississippi	42,676,977	77,199,160	20	92,157,925	1.04	19.38
Missouri	90,973,549	153,553,541	20	178,700,774	2.01	16.38
Montana	12,997,604	23,559,507	18	28,124,597	0.32	19.38
Nebraska	30,009,897	50,475,888	20	58,742,248	0.66	16.38
Nevada	23,039,165	41,760,879	21	49,852,822	0.56	19.38
New Hampshire	19,016,870	32,080,256	20	37,333,991	0.42	16.38
New Jersey	145,270,027	244,340,509	20	284,355,787	3.20	16.38
New Mexico	36,034,694	61,594,953	21	71,699,436	0.81	16.40
New York	298,798,306	509,305,853	20	597,207,572	6.73	17.26
North Carolina	114,312,121	202,724,229	20	235,924,072	2.66	16.38
North Dakota	9,114,296	16,520,608	20	19,721,781	0.22	19.38
Ohio	159,145,801	288,468,284	21	344,364,350	3.88	19.38
Oklahoma	55,517,617	98,502,970	21	116,368,204	1.31	18.14
Oregon	48,323,540	86,394,113	20	100,990,583	1.14	16.90
Pennsylvania	156,534,110	281,508,625	20	336,056,128	3.79	19.38
Rhode Island	17,575,151	29,560,959	20	34,402,113	0.39	16.38
South Carolina	68,478,573	115,429,949	21	137,796,637	1.55	19.38
South Dakota	10,857,498	19,680,342	20	23,493,772	0.26	19.38
Tennessee	88,697,223	154,805,179	21	181,996,495	2.05	17.56
Texas	336,565,139	608,102,898	21	725,934,083	8.18	19.38
Utah	37,843,586	68,595,427	21	81,887,060	0.92	19.38
Vermont	8,787,921	15,929,020	21	19,015,562	0.21	19.38
Virginia	106,290,352	181,253,563	21	214,098,538	2.41	18.12
Washington	78,927,411	142,623,221	20	170,259,108	1.92	19.38
West Virginia	30,522,278	51,337,699	20	59,745,197	0.67	16.38
Wisconsin	80,406,470	140,599,055	20	163,780,419	1.85	16.49
Wyoming	9,219,400	16,711,120	20	19,949,209	0.22	19.38
Puerto Rico	37,448,755	67,879,755	21	81,032,713	0.91	19.38
Interior: Tribes/Tribal	52,849,182	79,377,301		80,458,990	0.91	1.36
Other	17,577,448	22,579,306		22,579,306	0.25	0.00
American Samoa	4,832,745	5,705,650		5,816,515	0.07	1.94
Guam	11,675,837	12,629,887		12,896,899	0.15	2.11
Northern Mariana Islands	2,980,233	4,372,921		4,419,970	0.05	1.08
Virgin Islands	8,852,007	7,999,858		8,197,048	0.09	2.46

SOURCES: 2000 decennial Census, Table SF-1, 100% data, U.S. Census Bureau, Washington, D.C.; Current Population Survey, March 2002 Supplement, U.S. Census Bureau, Washington, D.C.

NOTES: Formula allocation pursuant to 34 CFR Part 300, Subpart G, Allocation of Funds. In 2002, USDE provided less than the required 1.226 percent of funds to the Interior Department for tribes and tribal organizations. USDE awards grants to territories on a competitive basis, rather than by formula. FAPE age is from http://www.ed.gov/offices/OSERS/OSEP/Policy/2q2002pl/osep0206_2Q2002.pdf.

Appendix F

Special Education—Grants to States (Part B), Funding Allocations: Administration Budget and House Appropriation for Fiscal Year 2004, Hypothetical Alternative for Fiscal Year 2005, by State

Table F.1
Special Education—Grants to States (Part B), 2004 State Allocations: Administration Budget and House Appropriation

	Funding in		Funding in FY 2003 (\$)	FAPE Age Guaranteed by State	President's Budget Request: 9,528,533,000		House Appropriations Bill: 9,874,398,000		
	FY 1999 (\$)	FY 2004 Budget Request (\$)			% of U.S. Total	% Change from Prior Year	House-Passed Appropriations Bill for FY 2004 (\$)	% of U.S. Total	% Change from Prior Year
U.S. total (all)	4,310,700,000	8,874,397,536			100.00	7.37	100.00	100.00	11.27
U.S. total (states)	4,211,932,548	8,740,028,808			98.57	7.46	98.62	98.62	11.42
Alabama	69,017,922	143,066,181		20	1.61	7.10	1.61	1.61	11.12
Alaska	12,247,357	26,501,189		21	0.30	8.87	0.30	0.30	12.77
Arizona	61,263,060	132,562,806		21	1.44	8.87	1.44	1.44	12.77
Arkansas	40,872,926	85,906,324		20	92,257,852	7.39	0.97	0.97	11.48
California	431,237,374	933,124,077		18	1,009,183,378	10.59	10.59	1,048,656,038	12.38
Colorado	51,886,005	112,272,460		20	122,232,196	1.28	1.28	126,607,830	12.77
Connecticut	53,060,125	103,861,437		20	110,751,539	1.16	1.16	114,394,584	10.14
Delaware	11,224,669	24,288,267		20	26,442,889	0.28	0.28	27,389,484	12.77
District of Columbia	5,643,797	12,212,212		21	13,295,562	0.14	0.14	13,771,513	12.77
Florida	238,676,175	479,524,885		21	512,545,759	5.38	5.38	531,250,553	10.79
Georgia	107,699,572	233,043,493		21	253,716,876	2.66	2.66	262,799,362	12.77
Hawaii	14,156,512	30,632,276		19	33,349,678	0.35	0.35	34,543,520	12.77
Idaho	19,052,135	41,225,568		20	44,882,705	0.47	0.47	46,489,403	12.77
Illinois	194,398,440	393,133,924		20	420,380,976	4.41	4.41	435,815,172	10.86
Indiana	101,341,485	200,791,461		21	214,426,262	2.25	2.25	222,149,746	10.64
Iowa	49,065,489	96,042,219		20	102,413,599	1.07	1.07	105,782,377	10.14
Kansas	40,399,267	84,072,314		20	90,059,942	0.95	0.95	93,451,675	11.16
Kentucky	60,830,890	122,827,410		20	131,327,256	1.38	1.38	136,142,029	10.84
Louisiana	65,859,276	142,508,233		21	155,150,197	1.63	1.63	160,704,220	12.77
Maine	21,991,584	43,046,968		19	45,902,677	0.48	0.48	47,412,593	10.14
Maryland	77,229,155	153,621,502		20	164,095,055	1.72	1.72	170,027,838	10.68
Massachusetts	114,086,702	223,316,639		21	238,131,324	2.50	2.50	245,964,381	10.14
Michigan	143,898,146	308,119,146		21	330,634,191	3.47	3.47	343,387,923	11.45
Minnesota	73,410,154	149,336,662		20	159,243,562	1.67	1.67	164,803,137	10.36
Mississippi	42,676,977	92,157,925		20	100,333,292	1.05	1.05	103,924,995	12.77
Missouri	90,973,549	178,700,774		20	190,555,670	2.00	2.00	196,823,781	10.14
Montana	12,997,604	28,124,597		18	30,390,381	0.32	0.32	31,543,264	12.16
Nebraska	30,009,897	58,742,248		20	62,639,172	0.66	0.66	64,699,616	10.14
Nevada	23,039,165	49,852,822		21	54,275,286	0.57	0.57	56,218,218	12.77
New Hampshire	19,016,870	37,333,991		20	39,810,704	0.42	0.42	41,120,232	10.14
New Jersey	145,270,027	284,355,787		20	303,219,770	3.18	3.18	313,193,838	10.14
New Mexico	36,034,694	71,699,432		21	76,589,147	0.80	0.80	79,358,942	10.68

Table F.1 (continued)

	Funding in		Funding in FY 2003 (\$)	FAPE Age Guaranteed by State	President's Budget Request		House Appropriations Bill		% Change from Prior Year	% of U.S. Total	House-Passed Appropriations Bill for FY 2004 (\$)	% of U.S. Total	% Change from Prior Year
	FY 1999 (\$)	FY 2004 Budget Request (\$)			Administration FY 2004 Budget Request (\$)	Request (\$)	Request (\$)	Request (\$)					
New York	298,798,306	597,207,574	20	638,120,109	6.70	6.85	661,295,170	6.70	6.85	661,295,170	6.70	6.85	10.73
North Carolina	114,312,121	235,924,071	20	251,624,525	2.64	6.65	261,002,712	2.64	6.65	261,002,712	2.64	6.65	10.63
North Dakota	9,114,296	19,721,781	20	21,471,308	0.23	8.87	22,239,932	0.23	8.87	22,239,932	0.23	8.87	12.77
Ohio	159,145,801	344,364,350	21	372,227,827	3.91	8.09	386,780,941	3.91	8.09	386,780,941	3.91	8.09	12.32
Oklahoma	55,517,617	116,368,189	21	124,710,948	1.31	7.17	129,436,726	1.31	7.17	129,436,726	1.31	7.17	11.23
Oregon	48,323,540	100,990,582	20	108,211,345	1.14	7.15	112,301,573	1.14	7.15	112,301,573	1.14	7.15	11.20
Pennsylvania	156,534,110	336,056,128	20	361,558,631	3.79	7.59	375,561,432	3.79	7.59	375,561,432	3.79	7.59	11.76
Rhode Island	17,575,151	34,402,113	20	36,684,327	0.38	6.63	37,891,016	0.38	6.63	37,891,016	0.38	6.63	10.14
South Carolina	68,478,573	137,796,637	21	148,498,503	1.56	7.77	153,963,719	1.56	7.77	153,963,719	1.56	7.77	11.73
South Dakota	10,857,498	23,493,772	20	25,577,914	0.27	8.87	26,493,545	0.27	8.87	26,493,545	0.27	8.87	12.77
Tennessee	88,697,223	181,996,487	21	194,788,021	2.04	7.03	202,033,829	2.04	7.03	202,033,829	2.04	7.03	11.01
Texas	336,565,139	725,934,083	21	782,556,212	8.21	7.80	813,016,590	8.21	7.80	813,016,590	8.21	7.80	12.00
Utah	37,843,586	81,887,060	21	89,151,295	0.94	8.87	92,342,708	0.94	8.87	92,342,708	0.94	8.87	12.77
Vermont	8,787,921	19,015,562	21	20,702,440	0.22	8.87	21,443,540	0.22	8.87	21,443,540	0.22	8.87	12.77
Virginia	106,290,352	214,098,545	21	228,879,267	2.40	6.90	237,251,867	2.40	6.90	237,251,867	2.40	6.90	10.81
Washington	78,927,411	170,259,108	20	183,753,736	1.93	7.93	190,913,183	1.93	7.93	190,913,183	1.93	7.93	12.13
West Virginia	30,522,278	59,745,197	20	63,708,656	0.67	6.63	65,804,279	0.67	6.63	65,804,279	0.67	6.63	10.14
Wisconsin	80,406,470	163,780,418	20	175,211,163	1.84	6.98	181,686,151	1.84	6.98	181,686,151	1.84	6.98	10.93
Wyoming	9,219,400	19,949,209	20	21,718,911	0.23	8.87	22,496,399	0.23	8.87	22,496,399	0.23	8.87	12.77
Puerto Rico	37,448,755	81,032,713	21	88,221,158	0.93	8.87	91,379,274	0.93	8.87	91,379,274	0.93	8.87	12.77
Interior: Tribes/Tribal	52,849,182	80,458,990		82,012,251	0.86	1.93	82,012,251	0.83	1.93	82,012,251	0.83	1.93	1.93
Other	17,577,448	22,579,306		22,579,306	0.24	0.00	22,579,306	0.23	0.00	22,579,306	0.23	0.00	0.00
American Samoa	4,832,745	5,816,515		5,928,803	0.06	1.93	5,928,803	0.06	1.93	5,928,803	0.06	1.93	1.93
Guam	11,675,837	12,896,899		13,145,874	0.14	1.93	13,145,874	0.13	1.93	13,145,874	0.13	1.93	1.93
Northern Mariana Islands	2,980,233	4,419,970		4,505,298	0.05	1.93	4,505,298	0.05	1.93	4,505,298	0.05	1.93	1.93
Virgin Islands	8,852,007	8,197,048		8,355,292	0.09	1.93	8,355,292	0.08	1.93	8,355,292	0.08	1.93	1.93

SOURCES: 2000 decennial Census, Table SF-1, 100 percent data, U.S. Census Bureau, Washington, D.C.; Current Population Survey, March 2002 Supplement, U.S. Census Bureau, Washington, D.C.

NOTES: Formula allocation pursuant to 34 CFR Part 300, Subpart G, Allocation of Funds. In 2002, USDE provided less than the required 1.226 percent of funds to the Interior Department for tribes and tribal organizations. USDE awards grants to territories on a competitive basis, rather than by formula. FAPE age is from http://www.ed.gov/offices/OSEERS/OSEP/Policy/2q2002pl/osep0206_2Q2002.pdf. New Jersey's top FAPE age was reduced from 21 to 20 years for formula calculations beginning in 2003.

Table F.2
Special Education—Grants to States (Part B), 2004 and 2005 State Allocations—Hypothetical Funding Totals

	Total U.S. Funding Assumed for FY 2004: 10,000,000,000			Total U.S. Funding Assumed for FY 2005: 12,000,000,000					
	FY 1999 Funding (\$)	FY 2003 Funding (\$)	Resulting Funding Level for FY 2004 (\$)	% of U.S. Total	% Change from Prior Year	Resulting Funding Level for FY 2005 (\$)	% of U.S. Total	% Change from Prior Year	Sum of 2004 and 2005 Funding
U.S. total (all)	4,310,700,000	8,874,397,536	10,000,000,000	100.00	12.68	12,000,000,000	100.00	20.00	22,000,000,000
U.S. total (states)	4,211,932,548	8,740,028,808	9,863,473,177	98.63	12.85	11,861,273,420	98.84	20.25	21,724,746,598
Alabama	69,017,922	143,066,181	161,055,228	1.61	12.57	193,620,703	1.61	20.22	354,675,931
Alaska	12,247,357	26,501,189	30,260,040	0.30	14.18	36,765,948	0.31	21.50	67,025,988
Arizona	61,263,060	132,562,806	151,365,124	1.51	14.18	183,908,626	1.53	21.50	335,273,750
Arkansas	40,872,926	85,906,324	97,040,451	0.97	12.96	116,914,155	0.97	20.48	213,954,606
California	431,237,374	933,124,077	1,062,975,113	10.63	13.92	1,286,502,295	10.72	21.03	2,349,477,408
Colorado	51,886,005	112,272,460	128,196,855	1.28	14.18	155,759,179	1.30	21.50	283,956,034
Connecticut	53,060,125	103,861,437	115,717,568	1.16	11.42	137,125,318	1.14	18.50	252,842,886
Delaware	11,224,669	24,288,267	27,733,243	0.28	14.18	33,695,891	0.28	21.50	61,429,134
District of Columbia	5,643,797	12,212,212	13,944,356	0.14	14.18	16,942,393	0.14	21.50	30,886,749
Florida	238,676,175	479,524,885	538,035,891	5.38	12.20	643,958,064	5.37	19.69	1,181,993,955
Georgia	107,699,572	233,043,493	266,097,696	2.66	14.18	323,308,701	2.69	21.50	589,406,397
Hawaii	14,156,512	30,632,276	34,977,068	0.35	14.18	42,497,137	0.35	21.50	77,474,205
Idaho	19,052,135	41,225,568	47,072,881	0.47	14.18	57,193,551	0.48	21.50	104,266,432
Illinois	194,398,440	393,133,924	441,414,070	4.41	12.28	528,815,383	4.41	19.80	970,229,453
Indiana	101,341,485	200,791,461	224,951,512	2.25	12.03	268,688,334	2.24	19.44	493,639,846
Iowa	49,065,489	96,042,219	107,005,760	1.07	11.42	126,801,826	1.06	18.50	233,807,586
Kansas	40,399,267	84,072,314	94,682,058	0.95	12.62	113,888,888	0.95	20.29	208,570,947
Kentucky	60,830,890	122,827,410	137,888,633	1.38	12.26	165,153,903	1.38	19.77	303,042,536
Louisiana	65,859,276	142,508,233	162,721,181	1.63	14.18	197,706,235	1.65	21.50	360,427,417
Maine	21,991,584	43,046,968	47,960,924	0.48	11.42	56,833,695	0.47	18.50	104,794,618
Maryland	77,229,155	153,621,502	172,180,010	1.72	12.08	205,776,383	1.71	19.51	377,956,393
Massachusetts	114,086,702	223,316,639	248,808,982	2.49	11.42	294,838,643	2.46	18.50	543,647,625
Michigan	143,898,146	308,119,146	348,014,458	3.48	12.95	420,236,745	3.50	20.75	768,251,203
Minnesota	73,410,154	149,336,662	166,922,709	1.67	11.78	200,010,170	1.67	19.82	366,932,879
Mississippi	42,676,977	92,157,925	105,229,334	1.05	14.18	127,853,641	1.07	21.50	233,082,974
Missouri	90,973,549	178,700,774	199,100,066	1.99	11.42	236,705,595	1.97	18.89	435,805,661
Montana	12,997,604	28,124,597	31,961,937	0.32	13.64	38,628,604	0.32	20.86	70,590,541
Nebraska	30,009,897	58,742,248	65,447,872	0.65	11.42	77,555,729	0.65	18.50	143,003,601
Nevada	23,039,165	49,852,822	56,923,800	0.57	14.18	69,162,416	0.58	21.50	126,086,216
New Hampshire	19,016,870	37,333,991	41,595,791	0.42	11.42	49,291,013	0.41	18.50	90,886,804
New Jersey	145,270,027	284,355,787	316,815,953	3.17	11.42	375,426,904	3.13	18.50	692,242,857
New Mexico	36,034,694	71,699,432	80,363,711	0.80	12.08	96,048,607	0.80	19.52	176,412,318

Table F.2 (continued)

	Total U.S. Funding Assumed for FY 2004: 10,000,000,000			Total U.S. Funding Assumed for FY 2005: 12,000,000,000					
	FY 1999 Funding (\$)	FY 2003 Funding (\$)	Resulting		Resulting New				
			Funding Level for FY 2004 (\$)	% of U.S. Total	% Change from Prior Year	Funding Level for FY 2005 (\$)	% of U.S. Total	% Change from Prior Year	
New York	298,798,306	597,207,574	669,702,140	6.70	12.14	800,938,701	6.67	19.60	1,470,640,841
North Carolina	114,312,121	235,924,071	264,404,737	2.64	12.07	317,511,868	2.65	20.09	581,916,605
North Dakota	9,114,296	19,721,781	22,519,060	0.23	14.18	27,360,658	0.23	21.50	49,879,719
Ohio	159,145,801	344,364,350	392,060,219	3.92	13.85	474,472,113	3.95	21.02	866,532,332
Oklahoma	55,517,617	116,368,189	131,151,047	1.31	12.70	157,912,353	1.32	20.40	289,063,400
Oregon	48,323,540	100,990,582	113,785,341	1.14	12.67	136,947,630	1.14	20.36	250,732,971
Pennsylvania	156,534,110	336,056,128	380,641,079	3.81	13.27	459,936,641	3.83	20.83	840,577,721
Rhode Island	17,575,151	34,402,113	38,329,229	0.38	11.42	45,420,137	0.38	18.50	83,749,366
South Carolina	68,478,573	137,796,637	155,946,276	1.56	13.17	186,894,893	1.56	19.85	342,841,170
South Dakota	10,857,498	23,493,772	26,826,059	0.27	14.18	32,593,662	0.27	21.50	59,419,722
Tennessee	88,697,223	181,996,487	204,662,314	2.05	12.45	245,694,135	2.05	20.05	450,356,449
Texas	336,565,139	725,934,083	824,066,376	8.24	13.52	996,558,490	8.30	20.93	1,820,624,866
Utah	37,843,586	81,887,060	93,501,680	0.94	14.18	113,604,541	0.95	21.50	207,106,220
Vermont	8,787,921	19,015,562	21,712,673	0.22	14.18	26,380,898	0.22	21.50	48,093,571
Virginia	106,290,352	214,098,545	240,289,105	2.40	12.23	287,701,761	2.40	19.73	527,990,866
Washington	78,927,411	170,259,108	193,510,339	1.94	13.66	234,053,111	1.95	20.95	427,563,449
West Virginia	30,522,278	59,745,197	66,565,311	0.67	11.42	78,879,894	0.66	18.50	145,445,206
Wisconsin	80,406,470	163,780,418	184,035,013	1.84	12.37	220,701,805	1.84	19.92	404,736,818
Wyoming	9,219,400	19,949,209	22,778,746	0.23	14.18	27,676,176	0.23	21.50	50,454,923
Puerto Rico	37,448,755	81,032,713	92,526,155	0.93	14.18	112,419,278	0.94	21.50	204,945,432
Interior: Tribes/Tribal	52,849,182	80,458,990	82,012,251	0.82	1.93	83,595,497	0.70	1.93	165,607,748
Other	17,577,448	22,579,306	22,579,306	0.23	0.00	22,579,306	0.19	0.00	45,158,612
American Samoa	4,832,745	5,816,515	5,928,803	0.06	1.93	6,043,258	0.05	1.93	11,972,061
Guam	11,675,837	12,896,899	13,145,874	0.13	1.93	13,399,655	0.11	1.93	26,545,528
Northern Mariana Islands	2,980,233	4,419,970	4,505,298	0.05	1.93	4,592,272	0.04	1.93	9,097,570
Virgin Islands	8,852,007	8,197,048	8,355,292	0.08	1.93	8,516,591	0.07	1.93	16,871,883

SOURCES: 2000 decennial Census, Table SF-1, 100% data, U.S. Census Bureau, Washington, D.C.; Current Population Survey, March 2002 Supplement, U.S. Census Bureau, Washington, D.C.

NOTES: Formula allocation pursuant to 34 CFR Part 300, Subpart G, Allocation of Funds. In 2002, USDE provided less than the required 1,226 percent of funds to the Interior Department for tribes and tribal organizations. USDE awards grants to territories on a competitive basis, rather than by formula. FAPE age is from http://www.ed.gov/offices/OSERS/OSEP/Policy/2q2002pl/osep0206_2Q2002.pdf. New Jersey's top FAPE age was reduced from 21 to 20 years for formula calculations beginning in 2003.

Appendix G

Grants for Infants and Toddlers, Funding Allocations: Fiscal Years 2003 and 2004, by State

Table G.1

Special Education—Infants and Toddlers Grants (Part C), State Allocations, Fiscal Year 2003

	Total Population Ages 0–2		Hypothetical Allocation (with No Small State Minimum)		Actual Allocation (Includes 0.5% Small State Minimum)	
	Persons	% of States	Dollars	%	Dollars	%
U.S. total (all)	11,615,286		434,159,500	100.00	434,159,500	100.00
U.S. total (states)	11,591,525	100.00	428,732,506	98.75	425,533,399	98.01
Alabama	177,099	1.53	6,550,311	1.51	6,313,728	1.45
Alaska	28,231	0.24	1,044,172	0.24	2,127,667	0.49
Arizona	229,836	1.98	8,500,880	1.96	8,193,846	1.89
Arkansas	108,555	0.94	4,015,094	0.92	3,870,077	0.89
California	1,459,066	12.59	53,966,068	12.43	52,016,926	11.98
Colorado	179,130	1.55	6,625,431	1.53	6,386,135	1.47
Connecticut	130,813	1.13	4,838,344	1.11	4,663,593	1.07
Delaware	30,867	0.27	1,141,669	0.26	2,127,667	0.49
District of Columbia	19,276	0.17	712,956	0.16	2,127,667	0.49
Florida	561,839	4.85	20,780,583	4.79	20,030,031	4.61
Georgia	358,255	3.09	13,250,678	3.05	12,772,091	2.94
Hawaii	46,412	0.40	1,716,628	0.40	2,127,667	0.49
Idaho	58,550	0.51	2,165,573	0.50	2,127,667	0.49
Illinois	520,550	4.49	19,253,438	4.43	18,558,044	4.27
Indiana	253,136	2.18	9,362,671	2.16	9,024,511	2.08
Iowa	112,488	0.97	4,160,562	0.96	4,010,291	0.92
Kansas	113,456	0.98	4,196,365	0.97	4,044,801	0.93
Kentucky	159,519	1.38	5,900,085	1.36	5,686,986	1.31
Louisiana	191,286	1.65	7,075,042	1.63	6,819,506	1.57
Maine	41,453	0.36	1,533,211	0.35	2,127,667	0.49
Maryland	209,218	1.80	7,738,288	1.78	7,458,797	1.72
Massachusetts	235,958	2.04	8,727,313	2.01	8,412,100	1.94
Michigan	398,600	3.44	14,742,907	3.40	14,210,424	3.27
Minnesota	195,989	1.69	7,248,991	1.67	6,987,172	1.61
Mississippi	123,078	1.06	4,552,252	1.05	4,387,834	1.01
Missouri	221,068	1.91	8,176,581	1.88	7,881,259	1.82
Montana	32,532	0.28	1,203,252	0.28	2,127,667	0.49
Nebraska	70,106	0.60	2,592,991	0.60	2,499,338	0.58
Nevada	86,767	0.75	3,209,227	0.74	3,093,316	0.71
New Hampshire	43,897	0.38	1,623,606	0.37	2,127,667	0.49
New Jersey	333,135	2.87	12,321,571	2.84	11,876,542	2.74
New Mexico	78,338	0.68	2,897,466	0.67	2,792,815	0.64
New York	732,065	6.32	27,076,684	6.24	26,098,731	6.01
North Carolina	326,535	2.82	12,077,459	2.78	11,641,246	2.68
North Dakota	23,357	0.20	863,899	0.20	2,127,667	0.49
Ohio	448,690	3.87	16,595,572	3.82	15,996,175	3.68
Oklahoma	143,177	1.24	5,295,648	1.22	5,104,380	1.18
Oregon	132,734	1.15	4,909,395	1.13	4,732,078	1.09
Pennsylvania	428,274	3.69	15,840,451	3.65	15,268,327	3.52
Rhode Island	37,775	0.33	1,397,173	0.32	2,127,667	0.49
South Carolina	159,387	1.38	5,895,203	1.36	5,682,280	1.31
South Dakota	30,516	0.26	1,128,687	0.26	2,127,667	0.49
Tennessee	224,825	1.94	8,315,540	1.92	8,015,200	1.85
Texas	977,438	8.43	36,152,227	8.33	34,846,484	8.03
Utah	129,200	1.11	4,778,684	1.10	4,606,088	1.06
Vermont	19,807	0.17	732,596	0.17	2,127,667	0.49
Virginia	276,614	2.39	10,231,045	2.36	9,861,521	2.27
Washington	235,475	2.03	8,709,448	2.01	8,394,881	1.93
West Virginia	60,404	0.52	2,234,146	0.51	2,153,453	0.50
Wisconsin	203,339	1.75	7,520,843	1.73	7,249,206	1.67
Wyoming	18,561	0.16	686,511	0.16	2,127,667	0.49
Puerto Rico	174,849	1.51	6,467,091	1.49	6,233,513	1.44
Interior: Tribes/Tribal					5,359,994	1.23
American Samoa	4,856		603,278	0.14	603,278	0.14
Guam	10,218		1,341,222	0.31	1,413,123	0.33
Northern Mariana Islands	3,600		462,815	0.11	462,815	0.11
Virgin Islands	5,087		786,891	0.18	786,891	0.18

SOURCE: 2000 decennial Census, Table SF-1, 100% data, U.S. Census Bureau, Washington, D.C.

NOTES: Formula allocation pursuant to 34 CFR Part 303, Subpart C, Sec. 200, Procedures for Making Grants to States.

Table G.2
Infants and Toddlers Grants (Part C), State Allocations, Fiscal Year 2004

	Total Population Ages 0-2		Hypothetical Allocation (with No Small State Minimum)		Actual Allocation (Includes 0.5% Small State Minimum)	
	Persons	% of States	Dollars	%	Dollars	%
U.S. total (all)	11,615,286		447,000,000	100.00	447,000,000	100.00
U.S. total (states)	11,591,525	100.00	441,412,500	98.75	438,152,322	98.02
Alabama	177,099	1.53	6,744,040	1.51	6,500,957	1.45
Alaska	28,231	0.24	1,075,054	0.24	2,190,762	0.49
Arizona	229,836	1.98	8,752,298	1.96	8,436,829	1.89
Arkansas	108,555	0.94	4,133,842	0.92	3,984,841	0.89
California	1,459,066	12.59	55,562,143	12.43	53,559,455	11.98
Colorado	179,130	1.55	6,821,382	1.53	6,575,511	1.47
Connecticut	130,813	1.13	4,981,441	1.11	4,801,889	1.07
Delaware	30,867	0.27	1,175,435	0.26	2,190,762	0.49
District of Columbia	19,276	0.17	734,042	0.16	2,190,762	0.49
Florida	561,839	4.85	21,395,179	4.79	20,624,009	4.61
Georgia	358,255	3.09	13,642,574	3.05	13,150,839	2.94
Hawaii	46,412	0.40	1,767,398	0.40	2,190,762	0.49
Idaho	58,550	0.51	2,229,621	0.50	2,190,762	0.49
Illinois	520,550	4.49	19,822,869	4.43	19,108,371	4.27
Indiana	253,136	2.18	9,639,577	2.16	9,292,127	2.08
Iowa	112,488	0.97	4,283,613	0.96	4,129,214	0.92
Kansas	113,456	0.98	4,320,475	0.97	4,164,748	0.93
Kentucky	159,519	1.38	6,074,583	1.36	5,855,630	1.31
Louisiana	191,286	1.65	7,284,290	1.63	7,021,734	1.57
Maine	41,453	0.36	1,578,556	0.35	2,190,762	0.49
Maryland	209,218	1.80	7,967,152	1.78	7,679,983	1.72
Massachusetts	235,958	2.04	8,985,428	2.01	8,661,556	1.94
Michigan	398,600	3.44	15,178,937	3.40	14,631,825	3.27
Minnesota	195,989	1.69	7,463,383	1.67	7,194,372	1.61
Mississippi	123,078	1.06	4,686,887	1.05	4,517,952	1.01
Missouri	221,068	1.91	8,418,407	1.88	8,114,973	1.82
Montana	32,532	0.28	1,238,839	0.28	2,190,762	0.49
Nebraska	70,106	0.60	2,669,680	0.60	2,573,454	0.58
Nevada	86,767	0.75	3,304,141	0.74	3,185,047	0.71
New Hampshire	43,897	0.38	1,671,625	0.37	2,190,762	0.49
New Jersey	333,135	2.87	12,685,989	2.84	12,228,733	2.74
New Mexico	78,338	0.68	2,983,160	0.67	2,875,635	0.64
New York	732,065	6.32	27,877,492	6.24	26,872,672	6.01
North Carolina	326,535	2.82	12,434,656	2.78	11,986,460	2.68
North Dakota	23,357	0.20	889,449	0.20	2,190,762	0.49
Ohio	448,690	3.87	17,086,395	3.82	16,470,531	3.68
Oklahoma	143,177	1.24	5,452,269	1.22	5,255,747	1.18
Oregon	132,734	1.15	5,054,593	1.13	4,872,405	1.09
Pennsylvania	428,274	3.69	16,308,941	3.65	15,721,100	3.52
Rhode Island	37,775	0.33	1,438,496	0.32	2,190,762	0.49
South Carolina	159,387	1.38	6,069,556	1.36	5,850,785	1.31
South Dakota	30,516	0.26	1,162,068	0.26	2,190,762	0.49
Tennessee	224,825	1.94	8,561,476	1.92	8,252,885	1.85
Texas	977,438	8.43	37,221,449	8.33	35,879,834	8.03
Utah	129,200	1.11	4,920,017	1.10	4,742,679	1.06
Vermont	19,807	0.17	754,263	0.17	2,190,762	0.49
Virginia	276,614	2.39	10,533,634	2.36	10,153,958	2.27
Washington	235,475	2.03	8,967,035	2.01	8,643,826	1.93
West Virginia	60,404	0.52	2,300,222	0.51	2,217,313	0.50
Wisconsin	203,339	1.75	7,743,276	1.73	7,464,176	1.67
Wyoming	18,561	0.16	706,814	0.16	2,190,762	0.49
Puerto Rico	174,849	1.51	6,658,359	1.49	6,418,364	1.44
Interior: Tribes/Tribal	5,518,519	1.23				
American Samoa	4,856		603,278	0.13	603,278	0.13
Guam	10,218		1,476,175	0.33	1,476,175	0.33
Northern Mariana Islands	3,600		462,815	0.10	462,815	0.10
Virgin Islands	5,087		786,891	0.18	786,891	0.18

SOURCE: 2000 decennial Census, Table SF-1, 100% data, U.S. Census Bureau, Washington, D.C.

NOTES: Total 2004 appropriation of \$447 million appears in the President's Budget, House-passed bill, and Senate Committee bill. Formula allocation pursuant to 34 CFR Part 303, Subpart C, Sec. 200, Procedures for Making Grants to States.

Appendix H

Preschool Grants, Funding Allocation: Fiscal Years 2003 and 2004, Hypothetical Alternative for Fiscal Year 2005, by State

Table H.1

Special Education—Preschool Grants (Part B), 2004 and 2005 State Allocations: Hypothetical Funding Totals

	Total U.S. Funding Assumed for FY 2004: 390,000,000			Total U.S. Funding Assumed for FY 2005: 450,000,000					
	FY 1997 (Base Year) Funding (\$)	FY 2003 Funding (\$)	Resulting New Funding Level for FY 2004 (\$)	% of U.S. Total	% Change from Prior Year	Resulting New Funding Level for FY 2005 (\$)	% of U.S. Total	% Change from Prior Year	Sum of 2004 and 2005 Funding (\$)
U.S. total (all)	377,912,182	387,465,000	390,000,000	100.00	0.65	450,000,000	100.00	15.38	840,000,000
U.S. total (states)	360,050,998	387,465,000	390,000,000	100.00	0.65	450,000,000	100.00	15.38	840,000,000
Alabama	5,308,013	5,694,625	5,748,487	1.47	0.95	6,719,097	1.49	16.88	12,467,585
Alaska	1,195,743	1,286,031	1,293,604	0.33	0.59	1,473,215	0.33	13.88	2,766,819
Arizona	5,008,915	5,499,684	5,546,000	1.42	0.84	6,482,421	1.44	16.88	12,028,421
Arkansas	5,102,788	5,447,257	5,479,332	1.40	0.59	6,240,116	1.39	13.88	11,719,448
California	36,074,288	39,529,222	39,761,981	10.20	0.59	46,475,638	10.33	16.88	86,237,619
Colorado	4,692,338	5,041,483	5,074,546	1.30	0.66	5,931,364	1.32	16.88	11,005,911
Connecticut	4,665,794	4,980,763	5,010,091	1.28	0.59	5,705,723	1.27	13.88	10,715,814
Delaware	1,189,269	1,279,557	1,287,091	0.33	0.59	1,465,799	0.33	13.88	2,752,890
District of Columbia	224,647	251,429	256,845	0.07	2.15	300,213	0.07	16.88	557,058
Florida	17,510,810	18,798,391	18,909,081	4.85	0.59	21,898,214	4.87	15.81	40,807,296
Georgia	9,250,017	10,007,230	10,085,052	2.59	0.78	11,787,875	2.62	16.88	21,872,927
Hawaii	927,721	1,027,363	1,036,058	0.27	0.85	1,210,993	0.27	16.88	2,247,051
Idaho	2,080,088	2,220,506	2,233,581	0.57	0.59	2,543,705	0.57	13.88	4,777,286
Illinois	16,776,014	17,934,208	18,039,810	4.63	0.59	20,804,356	4.62	15.32	38,844,166
Indiana	8,464,723	9,036,144	9,089,351	2.33	0.59	10,351,373	2.30	13.88	19,440,724
Iowa	3,796,987	4,053,306	4,077,173	1.05	0.59	4,643,273	1.03	13.88	8,720,446
Kansas	4,122,628	4,400,930	4,426,844	1.14	0.59	5,041,494	1.12	13.88	9,468,338
Kentucky	9,715,496	10,371,351	10,432,420	2.67	0.59	11,880,922	2.64	13.88	22,313,342
Louisiana	6,147,040	6,587,642	6,636,688	1.70	0.74	7,757,268	1.72	16.88	14,393,956
Maine	2,390,839	2,552,235	2,567,263	0.66	0.59	2,923,718	0.65	13.88	5,490,981
Maryland	6,338,022	6,783,039	6,822,979	1.75	0.59	7,865,218	1.75	15.28	14,688,198
Massachusetts	9,409,924	10,045,150	10,104,299	2.59	0.59	11,507,242	2.56	13.88	21,611,540
Michigan	11,916,000	12,774,278	12,849,496	3.29	0.59	14,908,706	3.31	16.03	27,758,202
Minnesota	7,066,345	7,543,367	7,587,784	1.95	0.59	8,641,319	1.92	13.88	16,229,104
Mississippi	4,018,513	4,295,697	4,320,991	1.11	0.59	4,951,433	1.10	14.59	9,272,424
Missouri	5,660,844	6,128,272	6,179,893	1.58	0.84	7,223,344	1.61	16.88	13,403,236
Montana	1,116,795	1,207,049	1,214,156	0.31	0.59	1,382,737	0.31	13.88	2,596,894
Nebraska	2,143,533	2,293,078	2,306,580	0.59	0.59	2,662,302	0.59	15.42	4,968,882
Nevada	2,111,164	2,295,210	2,308,725	0.59	0.59	2,698,544	0.60	16.88	5,007,269
New Hampshire	1,481,893	1,581,930	1,591,245	0.41	0.59	1,812,183	0.40	13.88	3,403,428
New Jersey	10,823,193	11,553,824	11,621,856	2.98	0.59	13,246,841	2.94	13.98	24,868,697
New Mexico	3,032,410	3,237,116	3,256,177	0.83	0.59	3,708,285	0.82	13.88	6,964,462
New York	32,104,446	34,273,423	34,475,234	8.84	0.59	39,261,988	8.72	13.88	73,737,222

Table H.1 (continued)

	Total U.S. Funding Assumed for FY 2004: 390,000,000			Total U.S. Funding Assumed for FY 2005: 450,000,000					
	FY 1997 (Base Year) Funding (\$)	FY 2003 Funding (\$)	Resulting New Funding Level for FY 2004 (\$)	% of U.S. Total	% Change from Prior Year	Resulting New Funding Level for FY 2005 (\$)	% of U.S. Total	% Change from Prior Year	Sum of 2004 and 2005 Funding (\$)
North Carolina	10,761,043	11,487,478	11,555,119	2.96	0.59	13,159,503	2.92	13.88	24,714,623
North Dakota	748,392	831,821	836,719	0.21	0.59	977,996	0.22	16.88	1,814,715
Ohio	11,833,780	12,786,616	12,890,911	3.31	0.82	15,067,492	3.35	16.88	27,958,403
Oklahoma	3,422,144	3,731,472	3,753,444	0.96	0.59	4,387,198	0.97	16.88	8,140,642
Oregon	3,647,438	3,934,012	3,957,177	1.01	0.59	4,625,331	1.03	16.88	8,582,507
Pennsylvania	13,268,414	14,207,185	14,290,841	3.66	0.59	16,628,657	3.70	16.36	30,919,497
Rhode Island	1,590,008	1,697,344	1,707,338	0.44	0.59	1,944,396	0.43	13.88	3,651,734
South Carolina	6,792,495	7,251,030	7,293,726	1.87	0.59	8,306,432	1.85	13.88	15,600,158
South Dakota	1,393,847	1,487,939	1,496,700	0.38	0.59	1,704,511	0.38	13.88	3,201,212
Tennessee	6,533,536	7,005,401	7,099,507	1.82	1.34	8,298,231	1.84	16.88	15,397,738
Texas	21,349,912	23,479,254	23,649,487	6.06	0.73	27,642,612	6.14	16.88	51,292,099
Utah	3,377,473	3,624,991	3,646,336	0.93	0.59	4,243,938	0.94	16.39	7,890,274
Vermont	798,889	884,990	890,201	0.23	0.59	1,039,182	0.23	16.74	1,929,383
Virginia	8,682,896	9,269,044	9,323,623	2.39	0.59	10,744,859	2.39	15.24	20,068,482
Washington	7,770,713	8,295,284	8,344,129	2.14	0.59	9,540,954	2.12	14.34	17,885,083
West Virginia	3,314,028	3,537,745	3,558,576	0.91	0.59	4,052,671	0.90	13.88	7,611,247
Wisconsin	9,010,480	9,618,743	9,675,381	2.48	0.59	11,018,770	2.45	13.88	20,694,151
Wyoming	991,813	1,082,101	1,088,473	0.28	0.59	1,239,603	0.28	13.88	2,328,076
Puerto Rico	2,896,457	3,241,760	3,311,596	0.85	2.15	3,870,746	0.86	16.88	7,182,342
Interior: Tribes/Tribal	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Other	17,580,861	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
American Samoa	27,838	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Guam	110,705	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Northern Mariana Islands	29,780	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Virgin Islands	112,000	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

SOURCES: 2000 decennial Census, Table SF-1, 100% data, U.S. Census Bureau, Washington, D.C.; Current Population Survey, March 2002 Supplement, U.S. Census Bureau, Washington, D.C..

NOTES: Formula allocation pursuant to 34 CFR Part 301, Subpart C, Allocation of Funds to States. Total 2004 appropriation of \$390 million appears in the President's Budget, House-passed bill, and Senate Committee bill.

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